

COMMENT OF
THE DAY

UK Politics

DOMESTIC political life in Britain during the next fortnight will be dominated by the two major party conferences. The Conservatives meet at Bournemouth from tomorrow until Saturday; the Socialists gather at Margate from the tenth to the fourteenth.

Of the two, the Labour Party's conference is bound to be the more interesting, if only because it promises more contention. It is no real criticism of the Conservative Party's conference to say that it must have a more comfortable note of complacency about it. The Conservatives are the party in possession, and the resolutions down for debate have few discontents to reflect.

The Socialists, inevitably, are in a less happy state. This is the Party's first conference since its defeat at the General Election when the Labour vote was one and a half million lower than in 1951. The blow has been deeply felt. And for a simple arithmetical index of what its reduced number of members thinks of the future it only need be recorded that while the Tories have no more than eight resolutions on party organisation, the Socialists have 73 under that heading, followed by a vast number on general policy, many of which have implications for the way in which the Party should be run.

After the General Election, the Socialists—once the initial shock of defeat had been absorbed—began to take stock. The Party's national executive appointed last June a special sub-committee to inquire into the general organisation of the Party. That report has now been made public, and it cannot but have a considerable influence on the discussions at Margate.

The purely organisational problems are perhaps only the first of a series of questions that the Labour Party must ask itself and determine to find answers for. For while these are very necessary, supporters, friends and adversaries alike agree that once its organisation has been reviewed the vital thing will be to look to its policies, and to make an intellectually-reasoned alternative to the Tories' offer to the electorate on which, when the moment arrives four years from now, it will be possible to ask an adult electorate to pronounce.

Ike May Resign Before The End Of His Term A CONSTITUTIONAL PROBLEM

Ex-Minister On Bribe Charge

Djakarta, Oct. 3.
The former Minister of Justice, Dr Djody Gondokusumo, was charged in the Supreme Court today with accepting bribe while a member of the previous Cabinet.

Military police detained Dr Gondokusumo on August 12, a few hours after he handed over his portfolio to his successor in the present government.

He was brought to the court today from a cell in the military police barracks. The deputy Attorney-General, Mr Abdul Moro told the court Dr Gondokusumo had accepted through an intermediary a bribe of 20,000 rupiahs to extend the visa of a Chinese.

In extending the visa of the Chinese he had "ignored" the objections submitted by the chief of police.

Dr Gondokusumo asked the court for time to study the charge and the hearing was adjourned to October 6.—Reuter.

Turks Welcome Harding

Nicosia, Oct. 3.
The Cyprus Turkish community tonight sent a cable to Sir John Harding warmly welcoming him as Governor of the island.

The cable, signed by Dr Fadil Kutchuk, chairman of the "Cyprus Turkish" Party, said: "Our community is confident that peace and order will soon be restored and the equal administrative rights of the Turks will be recognised."—Reuter.

Peron's Message

Asuncion, Oct. 3.
Deposed President Juan Peron of Argentina today refused to speak to reporters who called on him at the house where he is staying here.

But he sent out a brief handwritten message which stated: "I will not move a finger in the political sense. When I do, I will return to my country—Argentina."—Reuter.

CREATED BY HIS ILLNESS

By PAUL SCOTT RANKINE

Washington, Oct. 3.

Although the latest report on President Eisenhower's condition indicated no complications, the alarm felt over the recent setback in his recovery from a heart attack has inevitably given further stimulus to speculation that he may resign from the Presidency before his term of office expires in January 1957.

Constitutionally it is extremely difficult for any President to delegate his power of executive decision and continue in office.

According to the point of view of some who know the President well, Eisenhower will not cling to office, like President Woodrow Wilson in 1919, if he feels that he cannot adequately perform its duties. There is no precedent in United States history for a President resigning before the end of his term, but the Constitution provides for the Vice-President to succeed him immediately and automatically.

In terms of practical politics this means not only that the present Vice-President, Mr Richard Nixon, would become President but that he would almost automatically be nominated as the Republican Presidential candidate in the party convention next August.

It is very rare for a party in power to repudiate its incumbent by not giving him another chance after one term of office.

Mr Nixon is already, according to the public opinion polls made before the President's illness, the leading candidate for the Republican nomination.

President Eisenhower does not resign and if, as is now generally assumed, he decides on grounds of health not to stand for re-election, the race for the Republican nomination will be wide open.

There is bound to be a revival of the historic struggle between the Liberals and the Conservatives, between the internationalists and the isolationists within the Republican Party.

That struggle was temporarily resolved during the 1952 Presidential election campaign after the defeat of the now deceased Conservative, Senator Robert Taft, by General Eisenhower at the Republican Convention.

But throughout President Eisenhower's administration it has frequently been said to be very much alive in public expressions of dissent, particularly on matters of foreign policy, by the Republican minority leader, Senator William Knowland, and others.

Natural Leader

If, by next summer, the current attempts at a reconciliation between the Soviet Union and Western Powers "in the spirit of Geneva" have broken down, the position of the right wing of the party would be greatly strengthened because its leaders have frequently expressed their envious feelings about such attempts.

With the removal of President Eisenhower from the political scene, the former New York State Governor, Mr Thomas E. Dewey, who has been a Republican Presidential candidate himself, would be the natural leader of the Liberal and internationalist wing of the Republican Party.

There is always the possibility that he might be nominated by the party for a third time.

But whether he seeks nomination or not, he will have more to say about who is chosen than almost anyone else and will control the largest bloc of votes, those of New York State, in the Convention.

Although regarded as somewhat to the right of Governor Dewey, Mr Nixon cannot by any means be placed in the right wing category with Senator William Knowland who, in the local politics of his home state of California, is one of Mr Nixon's most bitter opponents.

Might Bridge Gap
But one of the reasons being advanced in favour of nominating Mr Nixon is that he might bridge the gap between the right and left wings of the party.

While the President's illness has set off the speculation of

Climbs Big Ben's Tower

London, Oct. 3.

A former movie stunt man climbed the 320-foot outside wall of Big Ben yesterday and hurled leaden to the horrified crowd below in a protest against Britain's housing shortage.

He pulled the last ladder up behind him when the police and firemen tried to rescue him from the swaying, wind-swept scaffolding on top of the famous clock tower. But while a police inspector talked to him, a fireman chambered up and handed him to safety.

The man identified himself as Louis Daniel Bradford, 41. He said he did stunts in movies under the name of "Slim Dexter" and that he was born in Canada.

"I wanted to draw attention to the plight of thousands of people who have no real homes of their own," he said later. "I hold no political views."—United Press.

EUROPE—SECURITY PLAN DETAILS

London, Oct. 3.

Derek Marks, discussing in the Daily Express the offer to be made to Mr Molotov when he meets the Western foreign ministers in Geneva on October 25 writes: A massive new "zone of reduced tension" stretching from mid-Poland almost to the Rhine is to be the Western powers' dramatic new offer to Russia.

The exact limits of the new zone are still rated top secret. I am informed, however, it will be an equal area on both sides of the Eastern frontier of a reunited Germany.

The Western powers propose that Germany should be reunited temporarily within the existing frontiers and the Eastern frontier would be the Oder-Neisse Line.

If the Russians agree to this, then the Western powers are prepared to:

1. guarantee preservation of the new zone covering thousands of square miles of Middle Europe. This would mean the eventual withdrawal of Russian forces probably as far back as Warsaw, and a parallel withdrawal of British and American forces to the Rhine.
2. guarantee Russia and the Eastern European states against any form of attack by Germany.

ONE CONDITION

I understand the three Western ministers will tell Mr Molotov he can only have the security plan if he agreed to sign the plan for German reunification at the same time.

The two plans will then come into operation side by side, which means as the programme for reuniting Germany gets under way, so the opposing armies will withdraw step by step across Europe until a great zone of reduced tension lies between them.

The exact phasing of the steps is being kept a secret until the ministers meet in Geneva, but it is clear the first move is to reduce troops in Middle Europe would be taken immediately. The Big Four agreed to the holding of free elections throughout Germany. It is emphasized in London that only a formal peace treaty with all the allied powers can finally fix the Western frontier of Germany—but it is clear

French Evacuate Outpost

Rabat, Oct. 4.

French forces have evacuated the Bou Zined military outpost on the border of Spanish Morocco after attacks launched last night, it was disclosed.

Officials said here the post commander, a non-commissioned officer, managed to reach French Morocco with "some" of the 20-odd local troops under his command.

It was estimated that last night's attacks on outposts in the border area and some uprisings by 2,000 tribesmen in the Middle Atlas Mountains south of Fez cost the lives of at least 25 persons.—France-Press.

CRUCIAL TALKS

Calo, Oct. 3.

A crucial conference between Premier Nasser and special American envoy George Allen, accompanied by US Ambassador Henry Byrd, opened here today at 5 p.m. GMT.—United Press.

Released Prisoners

Bonn, Oct. 3.

First of 9,626 German prisoners released when Soviet camps were taken in West Germany last Friday or Saturday, a government spokesman said today.—Reuter.

Macmillan Leaves

New York, Oct. 3.

Mr Harold Macmillan, British Foreign Secretary, left New York by air today for London.

Netherlands New Guinea Dispute To Be Debated By United Nations

New York, Oct. 3.

The United Nations General Assembly, over the objections of the Netherlands, tonight decided to inscribe on its agenda the question of Dutch New Guinea.

The decision was reached by 31 votes to 18, with 10 abstentions.

Last week the steering committee recommended by a vote of 7 to 5 with two abstentions that the Assembly put on its agenda Indonesia's claim to the area—called West Irian by the Indonesians and the Netherlands New Guinea by Holland.

The request for debate was made by 15 Asian and African members of the world organisation.

The Assembly took its action over the objections of the Netherlands, whose Foreign Minister, Dr J. A. H. Luns, declared that any debate would be an unwarranted interference. He cautioned against the "harm" which could be caused by a public debate.

Sir Percy Spender, of Australia, asserted that Assembly debate could "only contribute to spreading discord and unnecessary friction."

Dr Ide Anak God Agoong, the Indonesian Foreign Minister, said that placing the question on the agenda would in no way harm the present improved atmosphere between Indonesia and Holland. To reject it would only be detrimental to future efforts to improve relations between the two countries.

Dr Luns disclosed that he had been having talks in New York with the Indonesian Foreign Minister on the points of friction between the two countries in order to see whether a basis could be found for official negotiations.

He said a communiqué was being issued tomorrow, both in the Hague and in Djakarta on the talks and "he would not go into the substance of them now."

HOW THEY VOTED

Only a comparatively short discussion preceded the vote, the breakdown of which was as follows:

8 Priceless Figurines Stolen

New York, Oct. 3.

The police today began a painstaking search for the discriminating thief who robbed the Brooklyn Museum of eight tiny priceless silver figurines, all of them the property of other museums.

The figurines, ranging from 280 to 2,000 years old, were taken from a showcase in the Museum on Saturday but the Museum did not tell the police of the theft until last night.

Museum officials would not put a price tag on the stolen articles but said they were "priceless."

The historical objects, small enough to be taken out of the Museum in a handbag or briefcase, belonged to the Boston Museum of Art, the Seattle Museum of Art, the Smithsonian Institution, the Walters Art Gallery of Baltimore, the William Nelson Rockefeller Gallery of Kansas City, Missouri, and Princeton University.

HOW IT WAS DONE

Police said the thief loosened one of the glass panels on the display case with a small screwdriver, reached in and removed the objects. The case contained 30 figurines but only eight of the smaller ones were taken.

The theft was carried off under the noses of Museum guards. One guard said he checked the case at 8:40 p.m. and then went to the washroom. Another guard said he was in the corridor near the room where the display was kept. The loss was discovered by the first guard when he checked the cases again at 4:30 p.m.

Police are now questioning all persons employed in the Museum, and a list of all persons who have been in the Museum since the theft was made.

Three other statues were 10th Century religious objects. The police said they planned to begin today a detailed search of all persons employed in the Museum, and a list of all persons who have been in the Museum since the theft was made.

STOP PRESS

Governor Leaves For Peking With Lady Grantham

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Grantham left Hong Kong early this afternoon on the first stage of their journey to Peking.

Sir Alexander and Lady Grantham motored from Government House to the vehicular ferry, crossed the harbour aboard a ferry and then continued to Luen by road.

At Luen they boarded a train which took them across the border for their journey to Canton. They will fly to Peking from Canton.

The Governor and Lady Grantham are on a private visit to Peking at the invitation of the Hon. C. D. W. O'Neill. They will be away about eight days.

Today they were accompanied by Mr E. White, ADC.

RECRETS DECISION

Commenting to reporters on the vote, Dr Luns said: "I can only say, I regret it. It will only make rapprochement between the Netherlands and Indonesia difficult."

"I particularly regret the attitude of the United States," he said. "Earlier in this session the United States had voted against inscription of the Greek demand regarding the British Colony of Cyprus and also against Assembly debate on Algeria."

The United States did not make any intervention in today's discussion.

After the Assembly had inscribed the Western New Guinea question, it approved without vote the recommendation of the steering committee to include on the agenda the new Soviet resolution calling for continued efforts to reduce international tension and consideration of all disarmament proposals.

Both items were sent to the political committee for debate.—Reuter.

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BOX OFFICE TELEPHONES 87208 & 34121 ex 300

KING'S PRINCESS

SHOWING TO-DAY

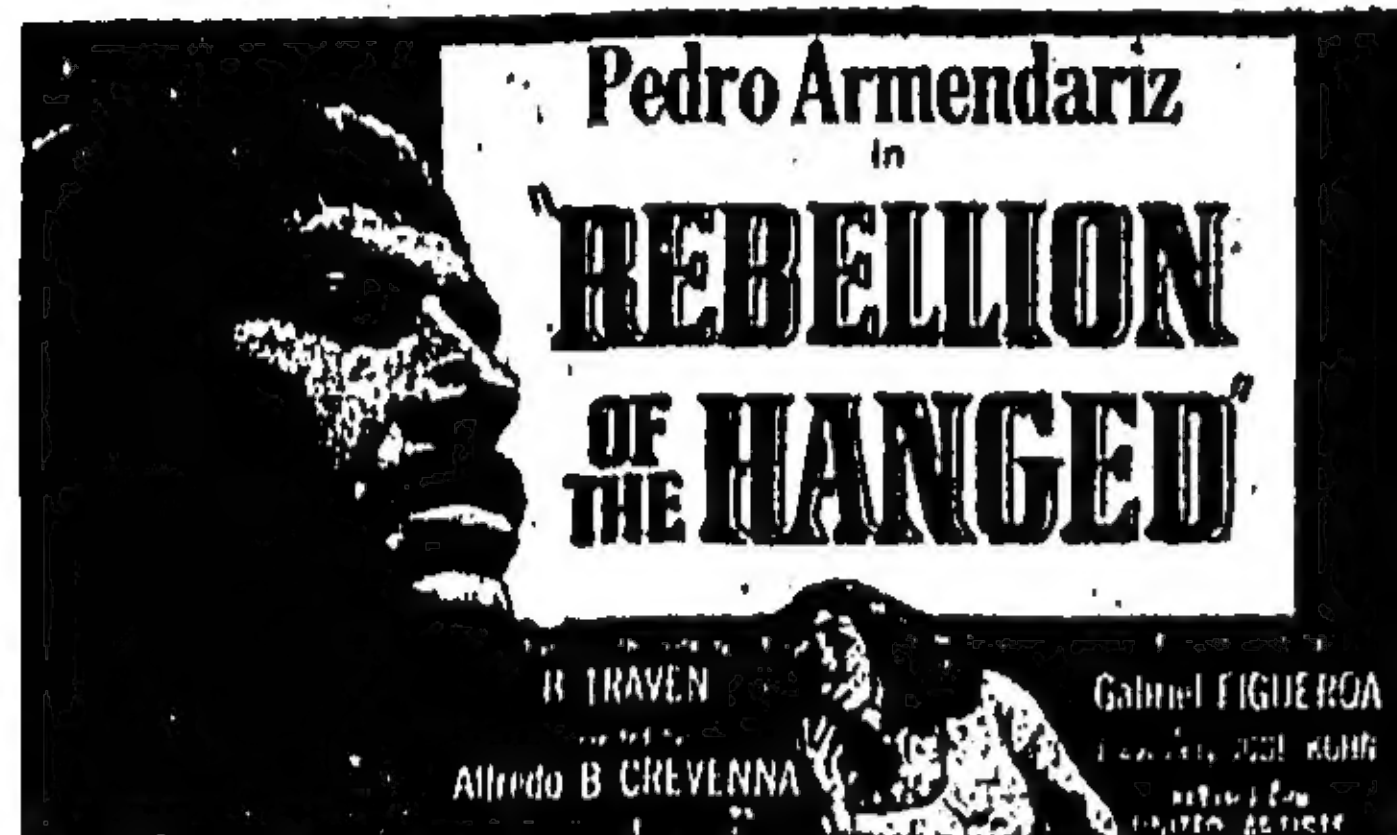


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 AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



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WATCH FOR IT!



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 AT 2:30, 5:15, 7:30 and 9:40 P.M.



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 TONY MARTIN DEBBIE WALKER GENE POWELL
 MARTIN REYNOLDS PIGEON DAMONE RAYMOND
 MILLER CINEMASCOPE TAMBLYN

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Late of Casino Enghien, Casino Deauville
 and Les Compagnons de la Chanson
 With MICHAEL BODER at the Grand Piano

TO-NIGHT

Parisian Grill

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FRENCH RETURN SOUGHT

UN Bid To Induce Paris To Cut Short Her Boycott

New York, Oct. 3.
 A plan for indefinite postponement of United Nations General Assembly debate on Algeria was being canvassed tonight in the hope that, if accepted, it would induce France to cut short her boycott of the General Assembly session.

Informed sources reported that a proposal for postponement "without prejudice" to the opinions of member nations on the competence of the Assembly to debate the Algerian issue was put forward privately to several other delegations by Dr Victor A. Belaunde of Peru.

According to procedural experts it would be necessary to obtain a two-thirds majority for such a proposal because it would amount to the Assembly reversing itself. In these circumstances it was doubted whether Dr. Belaunde could muster enough support.

One of the problems left by the French walk-out on Friday in protest against the Assembly's decision to debate the Algerian case was that it left itself no discernible avenue of return.

The Last Time

The last big walk-out from the United Nations was by the Soviet Union which quit the Security Council in 1950 over the presence of Nationalist China.

The Soviet Union was still absent when the Council decided on June 25 to take military action against the North Korean aggressors. But when it came to the Soviet turn to preside over the Security Council in August of that year Mr Jacob Malik, the then permanent Soviet representative, took his seat as though nothing had happened and offered no excuse.

United Nations observers did not see any possibility of France being able to get away with the same thing in this case.

There were few who believed that France's withdrawal would be anything other than temporary but how it might be brought to an end remained a mystery.

Spokesmen for the other Western powers had no comment to make on the French action. A United States representative questioned as to whether the United States was taking part in any steps to resolve the problem created by the walk-out, replied that there was "nothing I can say we are doing about it."

There were inevitable post-mortems on Friday's vote which was against France. Various views were expressed on procedures which might have been followed by France or her allies to obtain a test of strength before the actual vote on inscription was taken.

The issue came to the Assembly in the shape of a report by the Steering Committee that the Algerian question should not be inscribed. There were those who held that someone on the French side should have demanded a vote simply on the committee's recommendation and then have insisted if necessary that another vote should be taken on inscription.

The argument was that they could thus have gained time during a procedural wrangle to do some more lobbying or have forced perhaps a 24-hour adjournment. — China Mail Special.

21 Die In Morocco Attacks

Rabat, Oct. 3.

Official figures released today concerning terrorist attacks in Morocco last week-end revealed that 21 people, including 11 European civilians, were killed and 16 others wounded.

A total of nine were also unaccounted for in the region of frontier posts at Tizi Ouzal and Bouard between the Spanish and French zones.

Five Moroccans, two of them Customs officials, were killed and four others wounded at Bouard.

The 11 Europeans—including three women and two children—were killed during an attack by a band of tribesmen estimated at 500 strong on Imouzzer des Marmouches, some 75 miles south-east of Fez.

Twelve Arab scouts were wounded in the attack, including an officer and a non-commissioned officer. — France-Press.

'Hand In Your Guns' Order

Manila, Oct. 4.

The chief of the Philippine Constabulary, Brigadier-General Manuel Cabal, ordered the collection of firearms issued to former senators, congressmen, provincial governors and city mayors in accordance with the measures to be taken to insure peaceful and orderly elections on November 8.

It was learned that 58 of these former officials held a total of 107 assorted firearms issued in their name to their bodyguards and friends.

General Cabal was understood to have submitted a proposal recommending the reduction of the number of bodyguards of government officials from 12 to only four.

From October 1 to November 10 the Police have banned the holding of firearms outside homes. — France-Press.

Learning The Modern Way



★ HERE is Elsie Barrett of Norwood, London, baking a cake in the "all mod. cons" kitchen class of a new LCC secondary school for girls at Tulse Hill. — Central Press Photo.

ISLANDERS WIRE DANISH PREMIER

'HELP OUR WOMEN & CHILDREN'

ILL FEELING GROWS OVER POLICE CHARGE

Klaksvik, Faroe Islands, Oct. 3.

The Town Council of the "Viking village" of Klaksvik wired the Danish Premier tonight that the townsfolk no longer felt safe and it had decided to evacuate the women and children by ship if the situation got worse.

The town, up in arms against the Danish Government since last May over the withdrawal of its popular doctor, was half paralysed today by a general strike in protest against the presence of Danish riot police.

The Town Council today warned parents not to allow their children to approach the harbour where the Rolf Kraken, the frigate which brought the 30 Copenhagen police, is tied up. The police armed with batons charged youths and girls who demonstrated there on Saturday.

GOVERNOR GAOLED

The police were sent after "Klaksivik" demonstrators who staged a three-week rebellion early this summer had imprisoned the Governor and chief officials of the Faroes in Klaksvik police station for an entire night a week ago.

More Copenhagen police, including one of the Danish capital's leading detectives, are expected here today aboard the motorship Tjalder, in an effort to trace the ring-leaders of the continuous disturbances and uprisings.

But the Town Council in its cable to the Danish Premier, Mr Hans Christian Hansen, said the Klaksvikers did not feel safe and asked for his protection. It is the situation became more dangerous the women and children would be evacuated to other places nearby. — China Mail Special.

New Parking Signs For London

London, Oct. 3.

London is to add new traffic signs in yellow and black lettering surrounded by a red globe on October 17 to indicate busy central streets where parking is restricted. — China Mail Special.

Non-violent Police Clash With Non-violent Demonstrators And They End Up Singing Songs Together!

Bombay, Oct. 3.

Unarmed Indian policemen today resorted to "counter-Satyagraha" (non-violent resistance), at Magi, on the border of Daman, to prevent 85 India Socialist volunteers trying to push past them into the Portuguese territory of Daman, the Press Trust of India reported.

The volunteers had been squatting all night in the rain and cold on the Indian side of the Daman border, after being stopped by a posse of 35 Indian police.

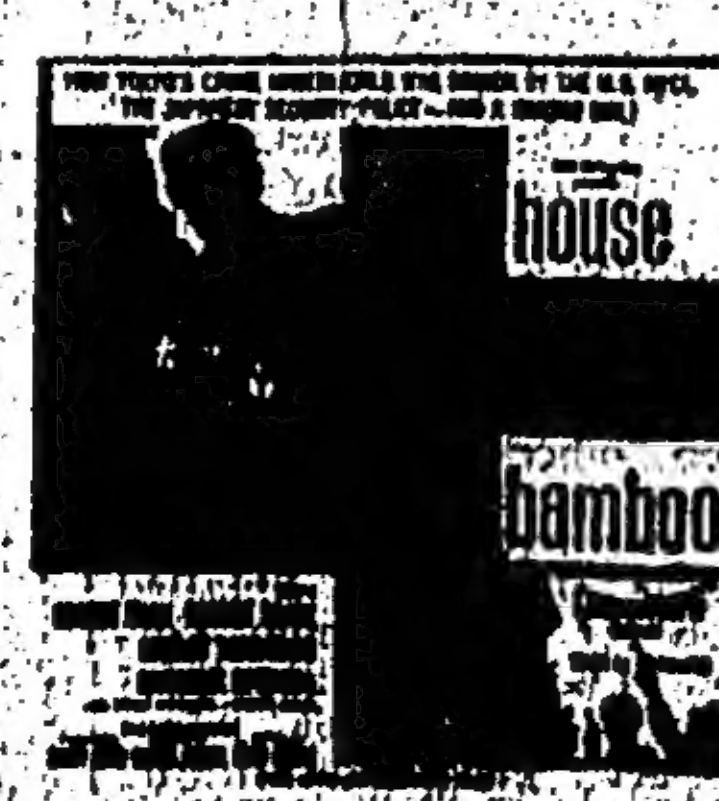
The Agency said the leaders of the volunteers had given an ultimatum that after 24 hours they would push past the policemen non-violently. But when they began the move towards the border the policemen stood in their way, shoulder to shoulder.

The volunteers then knelt down and began creeping inch by inch, jostling the police. But the police promptly squatted on the ground presenting a solid barrier. The baffled volunteers started chanting devotional community songs — and the startled policemen joined the chorus. — Reuters.

MAJESTIC

SHOWING TO-DAY
 At 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

In 4-Track High Fidelity, Stereophonic Sound On Our New Stereo Screen



It's The Clock That's Novell!



THIS German-made Zodiac clock, advertised when she visited the International Watch and Jewelry Fair at the Albert Hall, London, last week. The clock runs for a year powered by an ordinary torch battery costing less than a shilling. — Reutersphoto.

Big British Steamship Companies Plan Merger

London, Oct. 3.

Two of Britain's biggest shipping companies, the Union Castle Mail Steamship Company and Clan Line Steamers, disclosed tonight plans for a financial amalgamation.

A holding company is to be formed which will take over the existing capital of the two companies but they will continue to be operated separately.

Sir George Christopher, Chairman of Union Castle, said tonight that both companies had a close connection with South Africa.

The Union Castle has been carrying South African mails since 1887 and a new contract recently signed with the South African government extended the service until 1967.

Sir Nicholas Cayzer, vice Chairman of the Clan Line, said his line's connection with South Africa dated back nearly 80 years. — Reuters.

LEE

TO-DAY
 3 SHOWS AT 2.30, 7.40 & 9.50 P.M.
CANTONESE OPERA
 Admissions: \$3.50, \$2.40, \$1.70 & \$1.00



QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

SHOWING TO-DAY

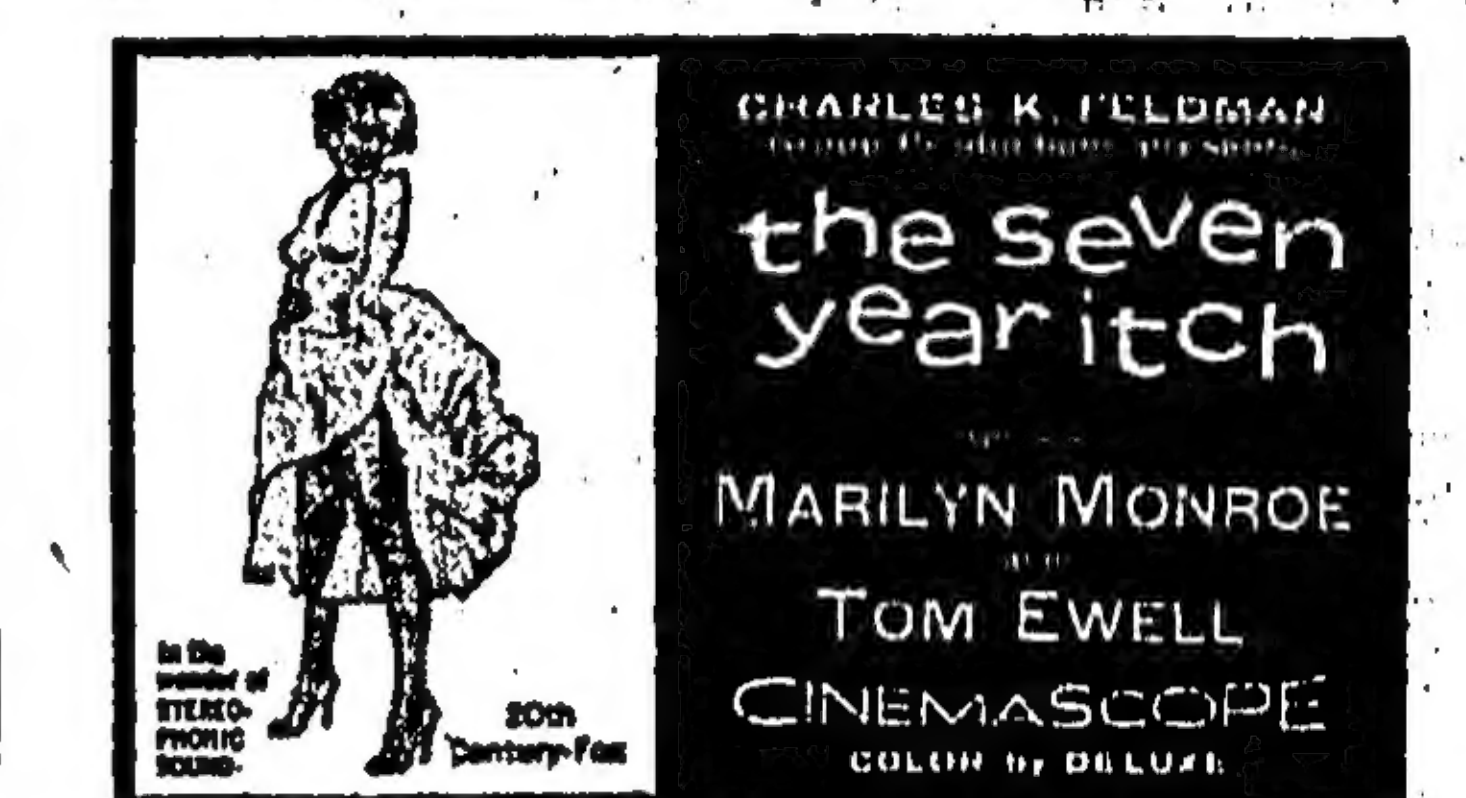


WATCH FOR **RANDOLPH SCOTT as the "TALL MAN RIDING"** In Warner Color

ROXY & BROADWAY

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 At 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.
SHE'S BACK IN HONG KONG!

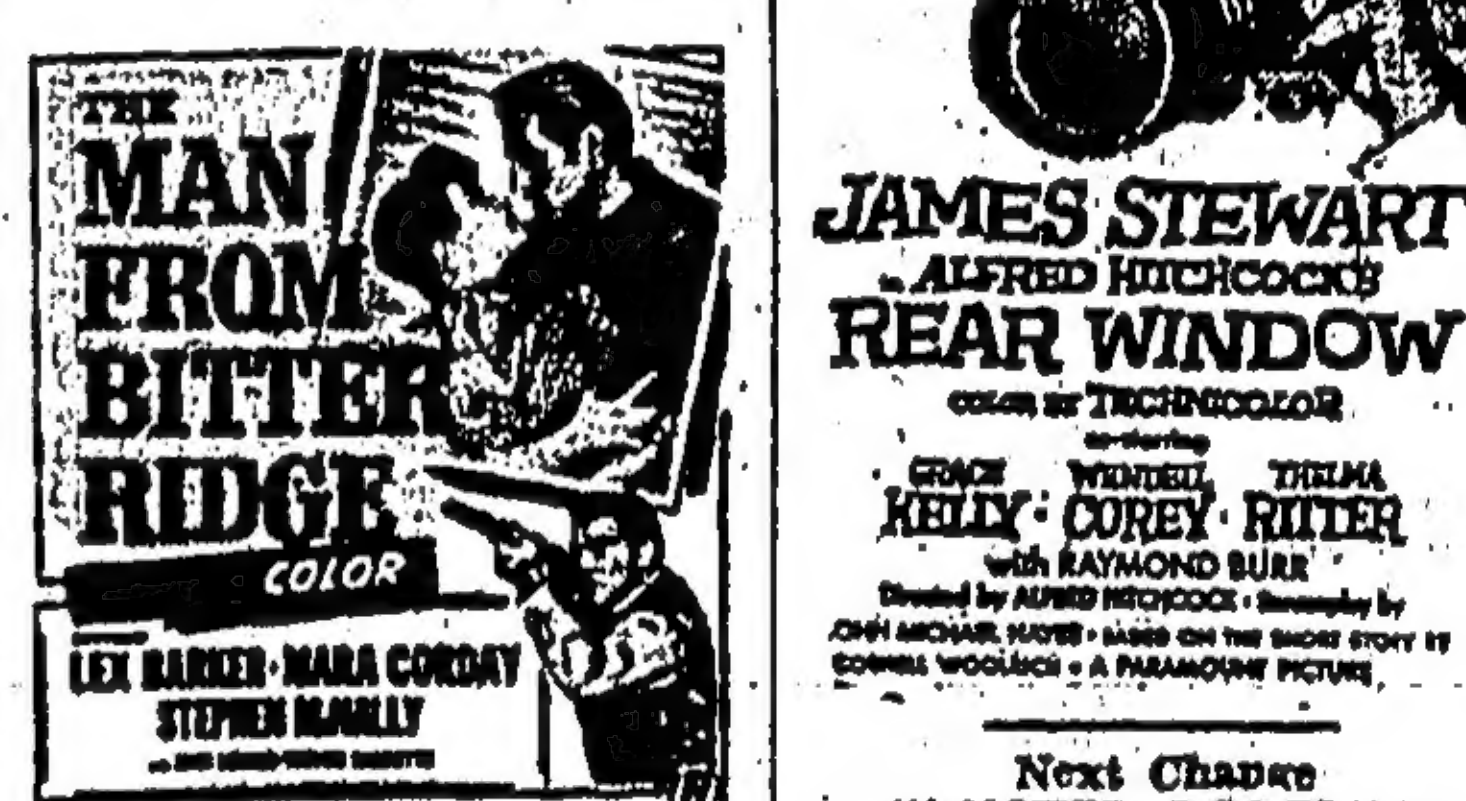
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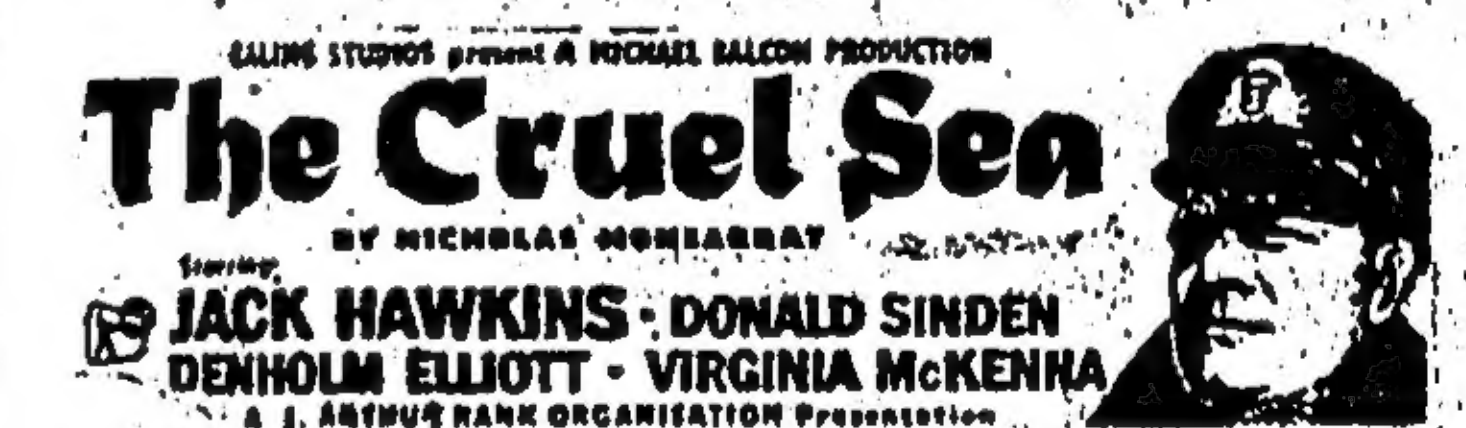
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Terrifying Adventure!



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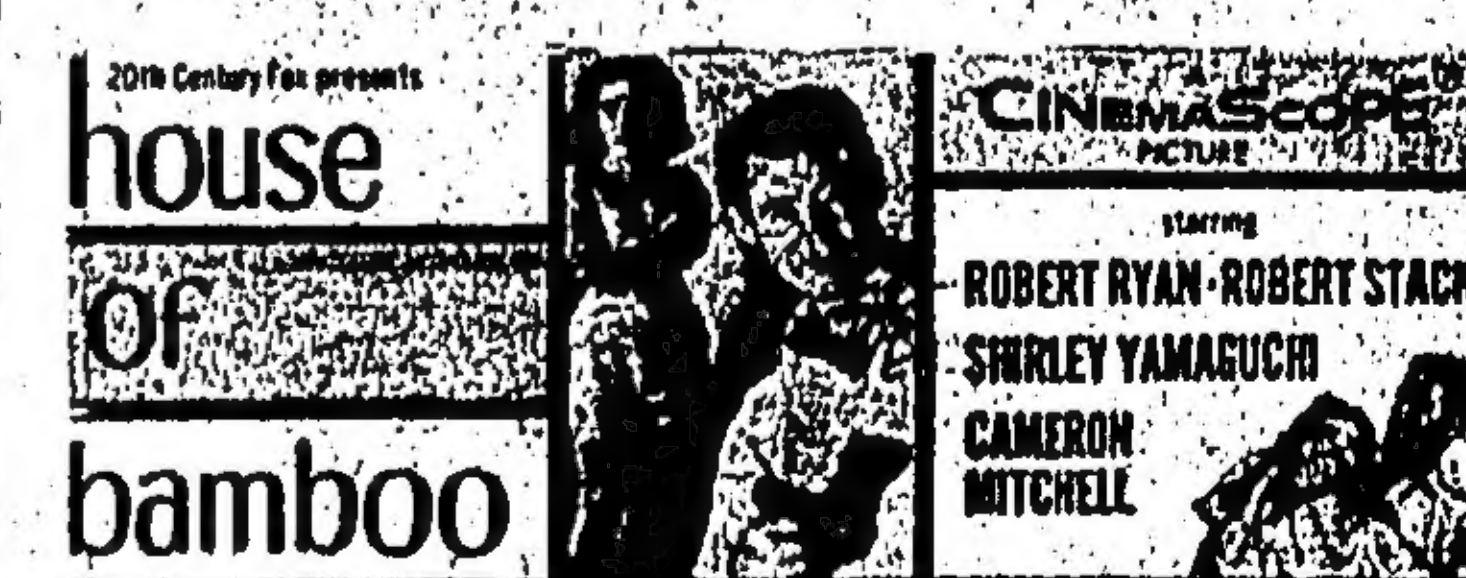
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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
 AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



SHOWING TO-DAY
 AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

4-Track Directional Stereophonic Sound—Wide Screen!



Bones of contention



US Bid To Control H-Bomb PROBLEM BEING ATTACKED WITH VIGOUR SAYS LEWIS STRAUSS

Washington, Oct. 3.

Mr Lewis Strauss, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, said today the United States "is vigorously tackling" the problem of controlling the hydrogen bomb, to produce enough electric power to fill the world's needs for more than a thousand million years.

But, he emphasised at a press conference, it could not be stated too strongly that the problem was far from being solved.

Mr Strauss was discussing "Operation Sherwood," the first details of which he revealed in August at the international Atoms-for-Peace conference in Geneva.

He said today that this research problem had been in progress since 1951 and might be successfully concluded next year or in a thousand years time.

He thought that 20 years was a fair guess. "But it would not surprise me if success came sooner or later."

Experiments were now being conducted with deuterium, a heavy form of hydrogen, as this was thought to be the lightest element for use in fusion reactors of the future. Mr Strauss said that deuterium was present in water in the ratio of one to every 6,400 nuclei of ordinary hydrogen.

For this reason, the experiments succeeded. The oceans themselves would be vast mines for exploitation, he added.

SIGNIFICANT

Mr Strauss refused to say how much money was being spent on the experiments. He described it as "quite significant" and that it was being increased annually.

Mr Strauss disclosed that five laboratories were engaged in the experiments.

One of the major problems to be solved was how to heat light elements in the process to a temperature of 100 million degrees or more before a reaction occurred. Mr Strauss said that so far scientists did not know how to do this in a way that could be controlled, but he added: "I am a great optimist about this whole project and I believe it will come about."

DISARMAMENT

Sweden Asks For Interim White Paper

New York, Oct. 3.

The Swedish Foreign Minister, Mr Osten Unden, today suggested that the United Nations disarmament sub-committee publish an interim "white paper" so that other governments and the public could be better informed on disarmament developments.

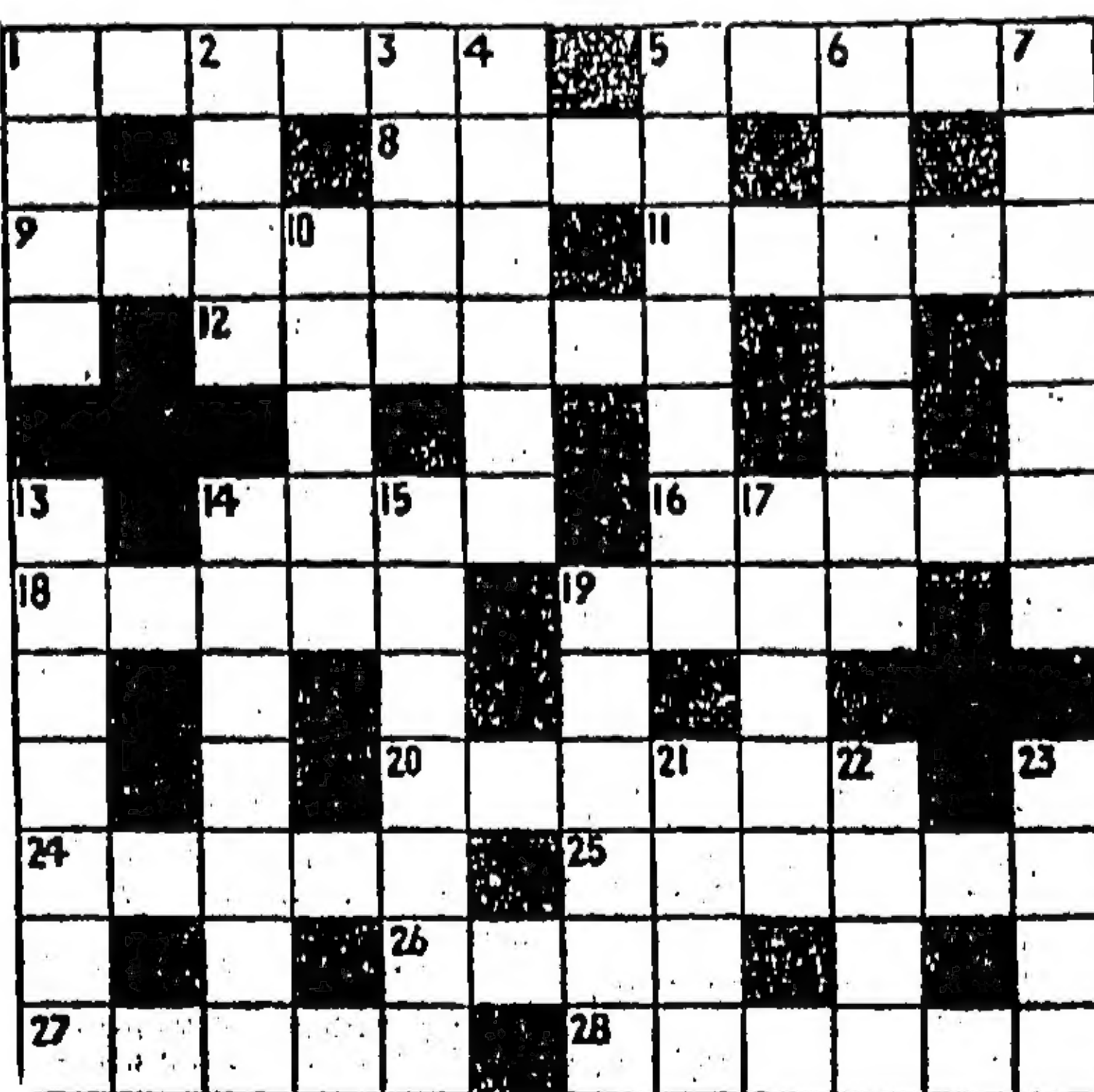
The disarmament sub-committee, composed of Britain, the United States, the Soviet Union, Canada and France, meets in private at United Nations headquarters. It has before it a wide variety of proposals, including President Eisenhower's "open skies" plan.

PUBLISH TEXTS

Mr Unden, speaking in general debate, suggested that the sub-committee publish the texts of these proposals, and possibly also the requests for clarification put to the authors and their replies.

Such an interim document might, he found desirable, to provide the basis for a preliminary debate in the first (political) committee of the General Assembly.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Deceive (6).
 - Gatehouse (5).
 - Press (4).
 - Within (6).
 - Deduce (5).
 - Sunman (6).
 - Responsibility (4).
 - Incursions (8).
 - Category (6).
 - Hire (4).
 - Bring to light (6).
 - Make difficulties (5).
 - Grave (6).
 - Jug (4).
 - Ceased (5).
 - Edict (6).
- DOWN**
- Platform (4).
 - Speak imperfectly (4).
 - American dandy (4).
 - Builds (6).
 - Freedom from occupation (7).
 - Shortage (7).
 - Sincere (7).
 - Fettors (5).
 - Malicious gossip (7).
 - Rower (7).
 - Showed in (7).
 - Striking-block (5).
 - Elevated (6).
 - Kerned (4).
 - Hip (4).
 - Formerly (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 1 Chess, 4 Stuff, 8 Porter, 10/Prize, 12 Versed, 14 Ralove, 17 Pare, 19 Escaped, 20 Dessert, 22 Aft, 23 Soldier, 27 Adhere, 29 Meloe, 30 Express, 31 Diaper, 32 Lull. Down: 1 Cape, 2 Enrol, 3 Slave, 5 Tip, 6 Friday, 7 Secured, 9 Reverse, 11 Repaid, 13 Refuse, 15 Swear, 16 Inside, 18 Ruler, 20 Dammed, 21 Stalls, 24 Legal, 25 Ideal, 26 Risk, 28 Hero.

Not A Fair "Cop"

Wellington, New Zealand, Oct. 3.

Few occupations offer as much variety as does that of a policeman. There is a police constable in Hawke's Bay, however, who is firmly of the opinion that a little less variety would be a good thing.

With another constable he was assigned the routine task of escorting a man from Hawke's Bay to a mental asylum near Wellington, the 200-mile journey being done in a car driven by a relative of the patient.

During the trip the patient became violent. It was found, however, that if the man was allowed to play at being a policeman who was escorting the other two, all remained quiet.

This diplomatic reversal of roles was continued, for the sake of peace and order when they reached the asylum.

But a halt had to be called when the policeman was mistaken for the patient and held by two hefty attendants, while the patient went out to join the other policeman.

Eventually, the mix-up was sorted out by the second policeman.—China Mail Special.

Pravda Hint On Pearson's Moscow Trip

Moscow, Oct. 3.

The Soviet Communist Party newspaper Pravda today intimated that closer relations between Canada and the Soviet Union and Communist China may be discussed during the visit of Mr Lester B. Pearson, Canada's External Affairs Minister.

Mr Pearson arrives in Moscow on Wednesday for a week's visit to Russia and consultations with Soviet officials.

CANADIAN VIEW

An article from Pravda's Ottawa correspondent, Litoshko, said today that Canadian public opinion would regard favourably Mr Pearson's discussions with Soviet leaders of closer relations with Communist countries, more trade, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and a general system of collective security.—China Mail Special.

Three Kings Are Invited

Colombo, Oct. 3.

The government is inviting the Kings of Thailand, Laos and Cambodia to take part in the 2,500th anniversary celebration of Buddhism from May 1850 to May 1957. It was disclosed today.

The Crown Prince of Japan also will be asked to visit Ceylon during the celebrations, along with Indian Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru and Burmese Premier U Nu.—United Press.

Joint Statement Due Today

Cairo, Oct. 3.

Egypt and Czechoslovakia will issue a joint statement on the arms contract between them simultaneously in Cairo and Prague tomorrow. It was announced here today.

This announcement was made by the Czechoslovak Minister Plenipotentiary, Dr A. Karpisek, after a meeting with the Egyptian Prime Minister Lt.-Col. Gamel Abdel Nasser.

The minister added that he handed the Prime Minister the text of today's Czechoslovak statement on the arms contract with Egypt which said the Czechoslovak government intended to honour its agreement.—Reuter.

Mrs Magsaysay Gets A Big US Welcome

Washington, Oct. 3.

Mrs Ramon Magsaysay, the first lady of the Philippines, was welcomed by more than 100 Filipinos and Americans upon arrival at National Airport here this afternoon.

Philippine Charge d'Affaires Raul T. Leuterio headed the Filipino welcome, while the State Department was represented by Mr James D. Bell and Mr David Cutnell.

The first to embrace her was her brother, Aurelio R. Banzon, and her nephew, Feliciano de Galar, Jr.

FINE TRIP

Although the flight from San Francisco had been delayed for some three hours, Mrs Magsaysay told reporters that she had had "a fine trip."

She said she expected to drive to Baltimore tomorrow to enter Johns Hopkins Hospital for treatment of a sinus condition.

When told by reporters that she looked in perfect health, she replied with a laugh: "Everyone says I look too healthy to be going to a hospital."

Mrs Magsaysay was accompanied on the flight by Mrs Nellie Gonzalez, Army nurse Capt. Amelia Casano, and a U.S. State Department security officer.—United Press.

PROPOSED RED ARMS SHIPMENTS Moscow After Foothold In The Middle East?

London, Oct. 3.

Britain today expressed disappointment over Russia's blunt rejection of Western protests against proposed Communist arms shipments to the Middle East.

The swift Soviet rejection strengthened Western conclusions that Moscow is out for a foothold in the strategically vital Middle East from which Russia has been effectively kept out throughout and since World War II.

Soviet policy experts say the Kremlin may be trying now to pave the way for an Arab "counter-bloc" to the recently created Near East defence alignment of Britain, Turkey, Iraq and Pakistan.

The Soviet statement, issued by the Tass agency last night, said every nation has the right "to purchase arms for its own defence requirements from other states, on the usual commercial terms."

The Foreign Office, commenting on the Soviet statement, conceded that independent states had the right to buy arms, but it stated that Britain's policy was "not to do anything that might increase tension" in the Middle East.

"We hope others will do the same," the spokesman said with an obvious eye to Moscow. The Soviet statement amounted to a clear rejection of Western protests to Soviet Foreign Minister V.M. Molotov in New York last week against proposed Soviet bloc arms supplies to Egypt and other Middle East nations.

Not Convinced

While Russia does not officially figure so far as a partner in an arms supply agreement with Egypt, officials here were not convinced that the deal could remain limited to Czechoslovakia.

The Foreign Office, meanwhile, maintained silence on Cairo reports of a "secret British document" which allegedly expressed doubts of Israel's peaceful intentions.

The spokesman declined to comment on the report which also spoke of a French secret document, allegedly revealing that large quantities of arms had been supplied to Israel.

Officials emphasised that the government's reluctance to discuss the alleged "secret" document should in no way be construed as tacit confirmation of their authenticity.

Some observers said the quantities of arms mentioned in the alleged document cast considerable doubt on its veracity.

But while government quarters appeared less disturbed by the reported relations, they felt little doubt about their consistency over the allegations which were being made in the Middle East. An

All Traces Removed



An acetylene gun removes the name "Eva Peron" from the new Argentine liner in the Royal Albert dry dock, London. The vessel is to be called instead "Uruguay." The move was ordered by the new Lonardi regime in Argentina, which plans to eliminate all traces of ex-dictator Juan Peron's name in the country.—Daily Express Picture.

REPORT OF IKE'S HEART SPECIALIST FAVOURABLE

Boston, Oct. 3.

Dr Paul Dudley White, a heart specialist, said today after his latest check with other doctors attending President Eisenhower that "X-rays showed the lungs are clear and the heart shadow the same as the normal record of last year when he was in good health."

Dr White talked with reporters after a telephone call to the army's Fitzsimons Hospital in Denver, Colorado, where the President is being cared for after his recent heart attack.

He went on to say in his encouraging report that "the electro-cardiogram shows a normal evolution. It changes from day to day as the process of healing goes on toward the pattern his heart ought to be."

In answer to questions, Dr White said: "I feel relieved—I was relieved—when I received the telephone report."

Here he referred to a call he made during the early morning hours.

Dr White, who flew to Denver when the President first became ill, said he was making no change in his previously announced plan to fly to Denver again this Saturday where he will once more consult with the doctors there.

Dr White explained that "to clear up any misunderstanding the damage (to the President's heart) is in the anterior, not the inside but the outside wall of the left ventricle, which pumps blood into the aorta, the main artery."

Half Dollar

He borrowed a half dollar from a reporter and told it against his chest and said, "For a guess the damaged area would be about that size and about that position."

Dr White told reporters at the start of his conference:

"The report is good. A favourable report. He slept about 10 hours and he awoke refreshed and cheerful. He had a good appetite for breakfast, containing two of beef, bacon, one egg, one slice of whole wheat toast without butter and eight ounces of skimmed milk, a total of 381 calories. He had a little time this morning on picture puzzles and soft music."

The physician's examination showed heart sounds of good quality with no rub or murmur (by 'no rub' the doctor explained he meant lack of friction). "The lungs were clear. The abdomen was soft, the pulse was 78 and regular and the blood pressure was normal, 130 over 82."

The doctor added that urine and blood tests were normal.

Anxiety Grew

Anxiety over Mr Eisenhower's return to health which grew when it was announced late yesterday that he was not feeling as well as usual was alleviated earlier today when doctors reported that his condition was normal.

Wage Claims

London, Oct. 3. Wage claims by London's 55,000 busmen and women totalling £5 million a year were being considered today by a conciliation board appointed by the Labour Ministry.—China Mail Special.

Moscow's Ingenuity

But there was considerable anxiety in government quarters that despite these intentions, Moscow's diplomatic ingenuity might get the better of the situation.

Suspicion stemmed above all from information that first feelers for arms supply to Egypt had come from the Soviet Union several months ago, according to officials here.

This, they said today, pointed to sustained Soviet efforts to gain a foothold, economic as well as political, in the Middle East.

If Russian strategy were successful it would lead to a three-way split of the strategically important area, they cautioned.

★ An alignment of Egypt, Syria and Saudi Arabia (supported by Communist arms);

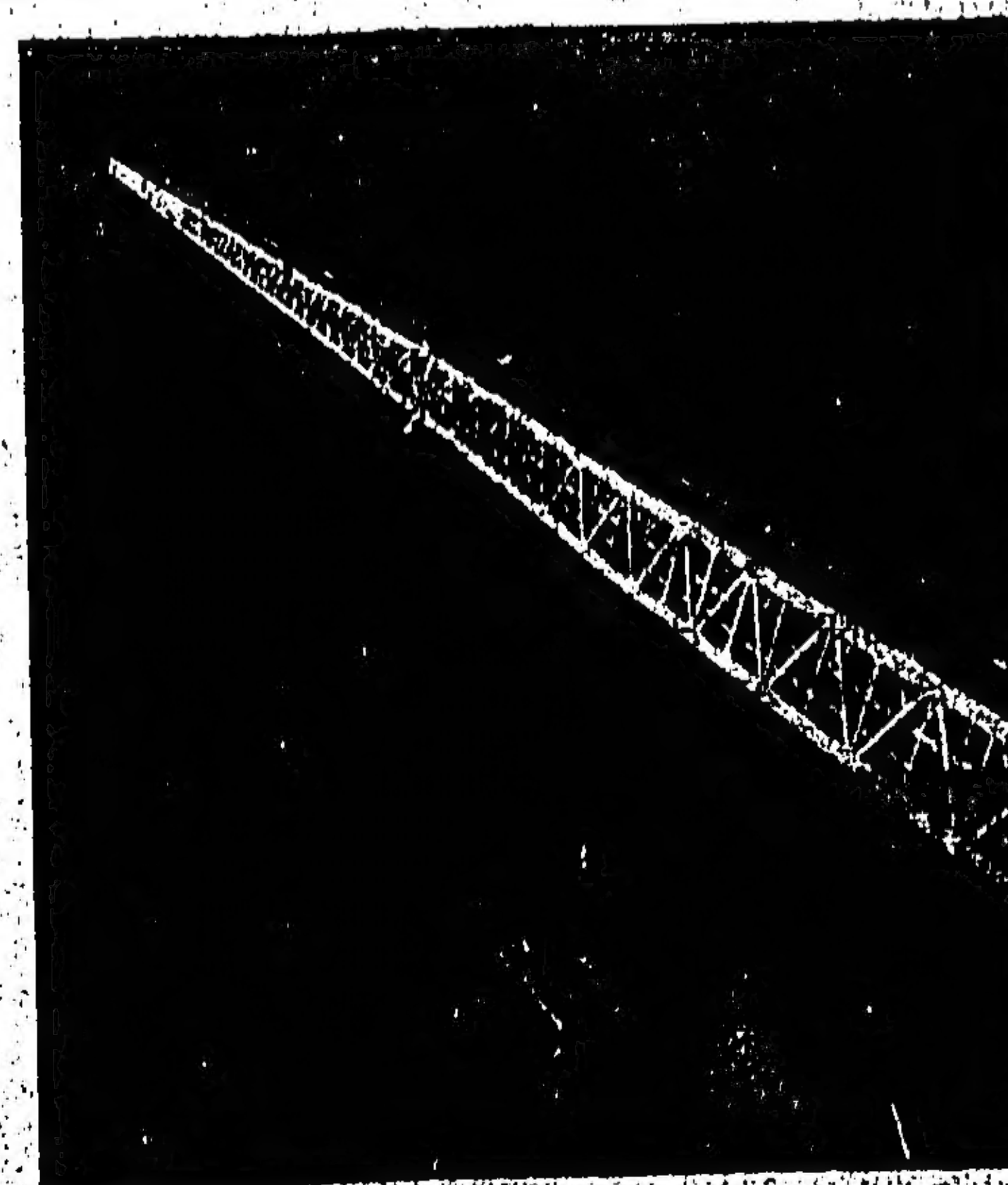
★ Israel; and

★ The defence alignment of Britain, Turkey, Iraq and Pakistan with the possible future participation of Iran.

The Soviet Union, the informants suggested, may alternatively have in mind participation in a Middle East guarantee for instance through accession to the tripartite declaration which would bring Moscow into the area through the back door.

The West has no intention at present of agreeing to such a course, Molotov may bring it up at the forthcoming Geneva four-power conference when East-West security arrangements come under discussion. The Foreign Secretary, Mr Harold Macmillan, was understood to have dismissed the possibility with a "No."

"Human Files" Descend



Slender and graceful, the new BBC television mast on North Hamsay, Tor, near Princetown, Dartmoor, Devon, seems to climb endlessly into the sky in this picture taken as the "human files" who work on it descend by cradles for lunch. In fact, there are 475 ft. of it. The mast will be 750 ft. high when it is completed. It is for the permanent transmitter which will replace the temporary station now in use on the Tor. — Reuters photo.

Khrushchev Has A Word For It

London, Oct. 3.

Mr Nikita Khrushchev, Secretary of the Soviet Communist Party, told a correspondent of the Communist Party newspaper, Pravda, that the solution of the North African question could be found if the legitimate rights and interests of the people of the French Union were taken into account.

Mr Khrushchev's answer to the correspondent's question was broadcast on Moscow radio today. Mr Khrushchev added that the attitude of the Soviet Union was one of sympathy and moral support for the struggles of people for national liberation.—Reuter.

Japanese Diet Members Are Seen By Chou

London, Oct. 3.

Chinese Premier Chou En-lai today received Masaru Momoze and Morio Morishima, members of the Japanese Diet, members of the Japanese Union who are now in Peking, the New China News Agency reported.

Present were Chang Hsiao, President, Liao Cheng-chih, Chen Chia-kang and Chao An-pao, council members of the Chinese People's Institute of Foreign Affairs, the agency added.—Reuter.

Soviet Delegates Arrive For Belgrade Visit

Belgrade, Oct. 3.

A delegation of the Supreme Soviet (the Soviet parliament) led by its chairman, Mr A. I. Volkov, arrived in Belgrade this afternoon and were met at the airport by the presidents of the Federal Council and Council of Producers of the Yugoslav National Assembly, Mr Vlada Zecovic, Mr Ivan Bozicevic, Tanjug, the Yugoslav News Agency, reported.—Reuter.

Refloated Ship Reaches Kingston

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 3.

The 7,355-ton Philippines motor ship Dona Aurora, which ran aground off Jamaica's south-east coast last Tuesday during the high winds caused by Hurricane Janet, arrived here today after being refloated by a local salvage tug owned by the De La Rama Steamship Company. The Dona Aurora was bound from Manila to Kingston with general cargo.—Reuter.

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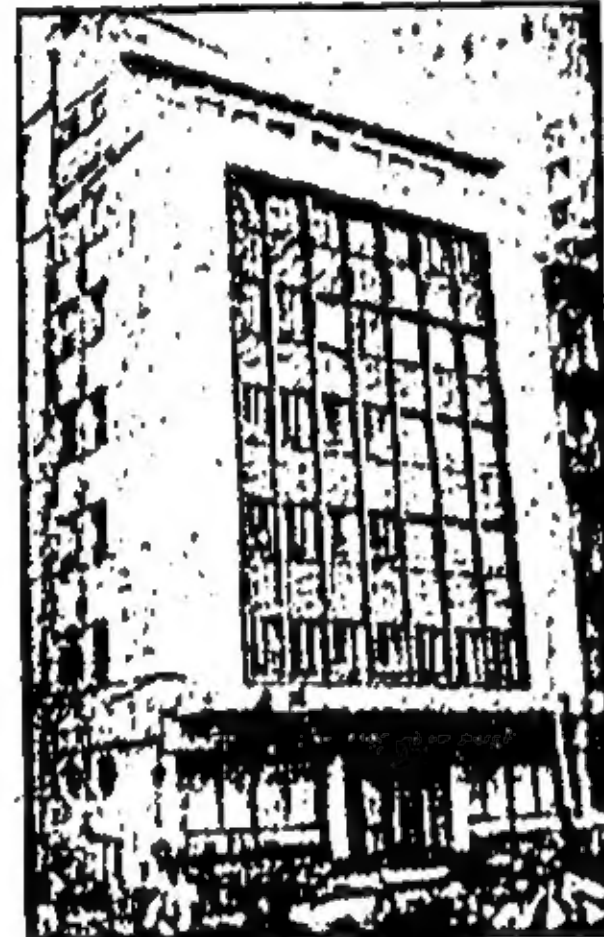
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ABDUCTED by fame

☆ With a wealth of inexperience behind
her **MARY URE** met success overnight;
she is still trying to get her breath back.

WHEN 21-year-old Vivien Leigh made her first appearance in the West End in "The Mask of Virtue" it needed only two acts to send Sir Alexander Korda racing round to her dressing-room with a £50,000 contract.

Other young actresses have had a much steeper climb to stardom. Claire Bloom worked mightily on her vowel sounds in many minor classical roles before Chaplin's "Limelight" brought her face to millions. Dorothy Tutin had a solid record of hard work in repertory and the Old Vic before she achieved success in "I Am A Camera." Diane Cilento had had a few important parts in the West End before that Miss Leigh and Miss Ure had in common. They were both catapulted out of obscurity to recognition in a single night. They were both only a tiny walk-on part in one

professional play before she was given the lead in "Time Remembered." It was in the comedy "Simon and Laura" in which she spoke only two words, "You'll do."

Indeed, Miss Ure's career gives an awful beating to all those homilies about the virtues of patience and hard work. Fame did not merely nod in her direction; it practically abducted her.

She had studied for three years at the Central School of Dramatic Art when she was spotted by a talent scout of H. M. Tennent's, the theatrical producers. After a few auditions she was given a year's contract at £10 a week.

She went straight into "Simon and Laura" and her two-word part. Three months later she was offered the lead in "Time Remembered." She is still trying to catch her breath about it all.

"My success story is too fast," she admitted ruefully to me.

"It's terrible. There's no heartbreak. I guess the heartbreak's to come."

No interest

Off-stage, Miss Ure possesses the same kind of radiant assurance that she gave to the little milliner in "Time Remembered" who had to charm a handsome prince into forgetting the memory of his past, "dead love."

Her piquant Nordic features give her an air of being both startled and pleased by life. Words tumble easily out of her and are punctuated by bursts of boisterous laughter that proclaim her inability to take herself too seriously.

This almost nonchalant approach to her work may be due to the fact that Mary Ure never expected to be an actress at all.

She was born in Glasgow, and her father was a civil engineer and her mother, who



MARY URE: An air of being startled and pleased with life.

died when she was 12, taught history. The only histrionic streak she can trace in her family are a number of uncles and grand-uncles who are barristers. "My brother who is a solicitor is a much better actor than I am," she said.

Her first contact with the theatre was seeing "The Pirates of Penzance" at the age of five. She cried so vigorously through it that she had to be taken out before it was over.

There was a spell, while she was at a girls' public school, when she wanted to paint. But this yielded to a desire to teach acting.

"I only wanted to teach because I thought I could earn a living at it," she said, revealing an unsuspected core of practicality. "I never decided to become an actress at all."

It was her realisation at dramatic school that she hadn't the temperament for teaching that switched her to acting. At the end of her three-year course she made the usual efforts to get into a repertory. "I sent my photographs to 14 companies but none of them seemed particularly interested," she said.

But her potentialities did not escape the shrewd eye of Miss Daphne Rye, the casting director of Tennent's. "Time Re-

membered" followed a few months after.

When Miss Ure was told she was to be given the lead in this major West End production, she was not in the least perturbed by the prospects of failure. "I suppose I should have thought of it as a great responsibility," she said, pensively, "but I didn't."

After her tumultuous first-night reception she basked in the warmth of back-stage congratulations, went out to dinner and was asleep a little after midnight. She was not particularly anxious about what the critics might have to say about her.

Less time

Her reactions to her success were typically level-headed. "It was very nice, but all a bit too much," she said in an engaging piece of understatement.

The most noticeable change that acclaim has brought to her life is that she now has less time to herself. "I feel much the same except that I have to keep meeting so many people," she explained.

But she is still young enough to be enchanted by the busyness of being an actress—the

late nights, living out of a trunk, being stared at in restaurants. She is even sure that if she had to she could mix marriage and her career. As yet, the problem hasn't arisen.

Sailing and reading are two of Miss Ure's favourite delights. She is most interested in history, particularly the end of the 19th century. And she loves to cook: "Scottish food—and I'm very good at porridge."

Under her one film a year contract she has already finished "None But the Brave," a remake of the adventure story "Four Feathers." "I'm the girl who gives the feathers," she said.

Because she is short-sighted she had to be guided down the stairs on the set by long white lines of sucking plaster. "Beyona four feet everything is a magnificent blur," she explained.

And now, with all this inexperience behind her, Mary Ure is scheduled to play Ophelia to Paul Scofield's "Hamlet." She views the prospect with her accustomed grave confidence. But she has no illusions about what she is up against. "Nothing that is well done is easy," she said, which is a useful bit of philosophy for young girls like Mary Ure to live by.

BEMS and BABES*

That's how the literary types
talk when they take a trip
into Space...says **NANCY SPAIN**

THIS seems to be a timely moment to investigate the literature of space, Science Fiction, known to its million fans (they call themselves *sf*) as S.F.

The largest number (3,500) live in Manchester, where they publish club magazines of their own, run conventions (this year's was at Kettering), and busily think the thoughts that we shall all think tomorrow.

Big figures in literary space circles are Miss Clemence Dane, Mr Angus Wilson, and Mr Edmund Crispin.

Enthusiast

NOW Miss Dane describes herself as an Enthusiast. Large, handsome, an ex-actress, successful playwright, best-selling novelist, and Sunday painter, Miss Dane entered S.F. fields in the 'thirties.

She wrote about S.F. under the title "American Fairy Tales." But she doesn't consider S.F. a fairy tale today. No, sir. "S.F. is a satire form," she told me. "It stems directly from 'Gulliver's Travels'."

"Science fiction is satire?" I said. For all the books I had read had shown ladies in high-heeled space suits with plunging necklines cowering in the grip of amorous Martians.

"Ah..." said Miss Dane. "You have been reading those terrible space operas. There is a much higher standard than that now in science fiction. I think the young people who write these books are genuinely critical of the world they live in, so rather than run into trouble with authority they set their stories in another world..."

He Knows

MISS DANE is general editor of a series called "Novels of Tomorrow." I sent out for one called The Year Of The Comet, by John Christopher (Michael Joseph, 12s. 6d.). It is a well-written, highly technical novel about a future ruled entirely by Big Business.

The big turning-point of the plot comes when the hero is confronted by a young lady dressed up in plastics and dainty make-up to look exactly like his girl friend. Indeed, the only reason why he knows it isn't his girl friend is because she is so much more friendly to him. Everyone (as is usual in S.F.) has a rotten time.

Then I approached Angus Wilson, grey-haired, forty-ish, high-strung ex-civil servant (he was supervisor of the British

Museum Reading Room) and an accredited intellectual.

"The best S.F., as represented by Ray Bradbury, shows a high degree of plot and imagination," says Angus Wilson. "Two elements badly lacking in the novel today."

So on Mr Angus Wilson's say-so I read Fahrenheit 451 by Ray Bradbury, current choice of the Science Fiction Book Club, published by arrangement with Rupert Hart-Davies, 5s.

"Fahrenheit 451" is the temperature at which book paper catches alight and burns. Our hero is a nice chap, employed in the new world as a book-burning fireman. All books are forbidden in the brave new world.

For you see, everyone in that S.F. world is having a rotten time too.

Why is this? Edmund Crispin (real name Bruce Montgomery, under which name he wrote the music for "Doctor in the House"), author of quite a few detective novels, agrees.

Bird Men

EIGHT of the 14 stories gathered up by Crispin into the brilliant anthology, Best S.F. (Faber and Faber, 15s.), are violently pessimistic. Why?

"Because science fiction is sceptical about Man," says Crispin. "It cannot trust him to colonise other planets without vandalism and brutality." In other words, Crispin thinks S.F. has discovered original sin.

Which would be enough to put me off S.F. for life, if I hadn't just read a smashing novel called Screem From Outer Space, by John Robert Haynes (Rich and Cowan, 8s. 6d.).

In this book lovely gold finger-nailed Rachel Crawford goes to the planet Venus because of the terrible screaming in her head. (The screaming is coming from Venus, sent on high frequency by a strange race of bird men.)

My interest, I'm sorry to say, centres almost entirely in Rachel and her clothes and which of the boys she is going to get off with next. At the end of the book she (famously marries Bill, who serviced her atom-car.)

Which is a highly frivolous attitude, I know. But that is the sort of thing that girls always do. Which is why I feel that I am never really going to be one of the *sf*.

HOW THOSE RUSSIANS KNOCK IT BACK....!

A sober assessment
by **RENE MacCOLL**

VODKA—or so I was going to write—is in the news again. But nowadays, since Russia substituted the grin for the growl as an instrument of diplomacy, vodka is rarely out of the news.

We could distantly hear it being poured while West German Chancellor Adenauer was chancing his arm over there in Moscow.

No sooner had the official communiques come clattering over the wires every evening than it was banqueting and toasting time again.

And when it wasn't vodka it was Soviet champagne, cognac, and the wines of the Georgian Socialist Soviet Republic.

OCEAN-DRINKERS

What is the truth about Russians and liquor? Are they, as the Chinese quaintly put it, "ocean-drinkers"? Have they the most gigantic thirsts in all the world?

It happened that my first visit to the Soviet Union took place just before Easter. Whatever the festival may mean nowadays to the ordinary citizen of the U.S.S.R., one thing is certain—it is a time to drink. In the restaurants of Moscow I saw army and navy officers of fairly high rank quietly asleep, their

heads down on the table-cloth.

In the streets of the capital one came upon drunks lying asleep at the side of the pavement in broad daylight.

It is a commonplace to glance about the restaurant dining-room at breakfast time in whatever Russian town one may be and notice that breakfast for the Russians round about often includes a carafe of either vodka or cognac.

And I have attended formal Moscow Government receptions...

All the world knows by now that Krushchev was showing signs of the greatest good humour on the last evening of the official Russian visit to Belgrade last spring.

Krushchev likes his vodka—but on that occasion he committed a tactical error in mixing it generously with Yugoslavian plum brandy.

Vodka has the appearance of water, but there is no further resemblance. It is, in fact, a form of brandy distilled from rye, and the Russians usually eat some kind of hors d'oeuvre after each glass is downed.

MAY MULTIPLY

It is the taste which usually leads to cannibalism, because the taste at any Russian get-together multiplies exceedingly.

I can tell you this: Vodka pairs fairly easily; the Russian beer is not awfully good; the champagne is as unconvincing as are all non-French champagnes; and the wines of Georgia are honey-sweet.

So that, not the least of the reasons why it is a nice change to get back from the genial toasts of Moscow is that you can once again have a pint of

H-BOMB PROJECT HELD UP

By
CHAPMAN PINCHER

PRODUCTION of Britain's hydrogen bomb is being held up by a shortage of scientists.

To end the hold-up, Sir William Penney, the atomic weapons research chief, is now trying to borrow scientists from the Civil Service.

The Civil Service chiefs have agreed that any mathematical physicists or chemical engineers in the Admiralty, Supply Ministry, or Department of Scientific and Industrial Research can switch to the Penney team for two years.

A document is to be sent round offering houses to scientists willing to work at the atomic weapons station at Aldermaston, Berks.

It will also point out that any promotion gained while working for Penney will be kept when the men return to the Civil Service.

Men will be encouraged to switch from chemical warfare and germ warfare defence—less important since the emergence of the H-bomb.

Some of the scientists are needed for work at Foulness Island, Essex, where high explosive detonating devices for atomic weapons are tested.

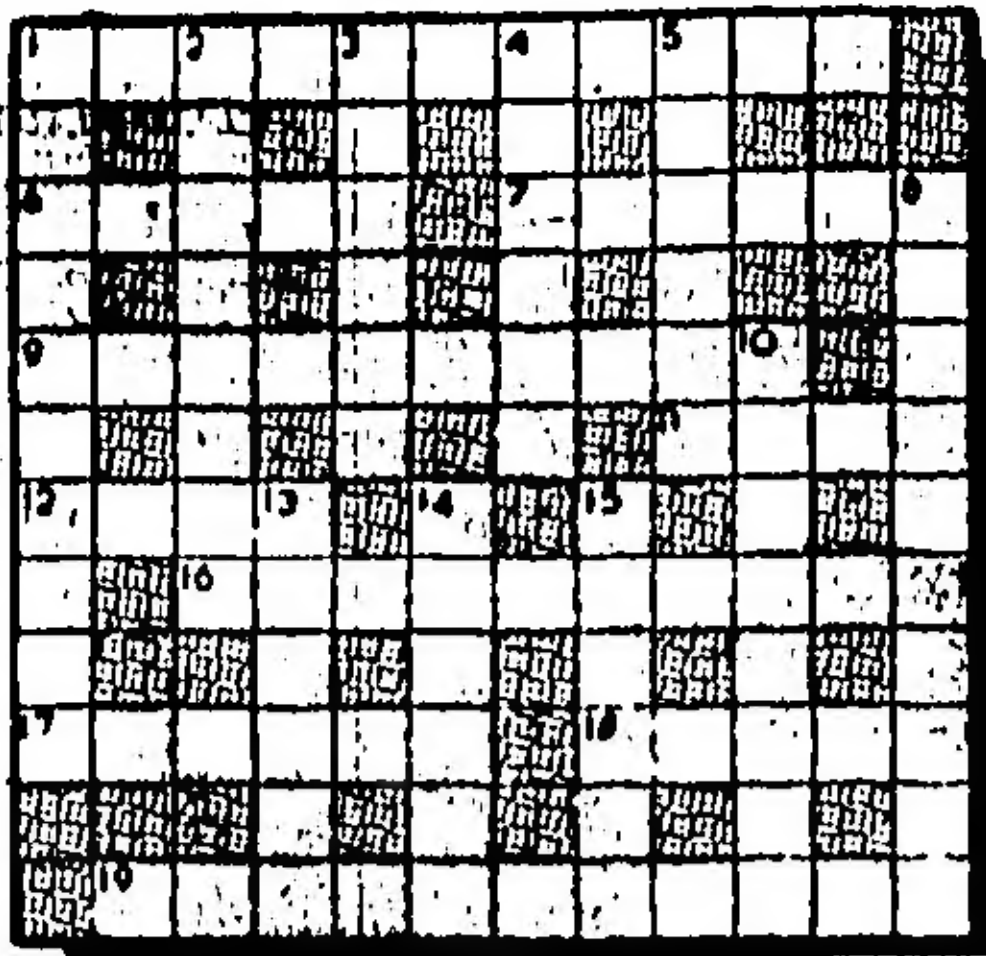
Atomic energy will not solve Britain's fuel problem for probably 40 years, states scientist Lord Cherwell.

Lord Cherwell, Sir Winston Churchill's scientific adviser during the war, was speaking to fuel engineers at Oxford.

CROSSWORD

Across
1. Artist's ope leads to a class (13)
4. Describe man's (10)
7. To come for the (10)
9. Covered up (10)
11. Musician emperor (10)
12. Springer with a seat up many a field (14)

Down
1. This gives the painter a clue (10)
2. Target-bitter (10)
3. Put on the fat (10)
4. Hostility (10)
5. Long piano O (10)
6. Cent's degeneration mixture (10)
8. The things he says in French too (10)
10. Be quiet—very (10)
13. To along with you (10)



This Funny World



"You just saved plenty of money, darn it. I couldn't find parking space near any of the stores."

BY THE WAY
by Beachcomber

A MAN who complained that when he opened one of the new meat-umbrellas his meat fell out was asked by the magistrate what on earth he had expected to happen.

The man said that the meat-umbrella was advertised as useful to keep meat in. It said nothing about the meat falling out.

"My good man, what would be the use of meat shut up in an umbrella? You must have realized that to get at the meat you would have to open the umbrella. You probably opened the umbrella the right way up, as though it were raining, and the meat naturally fell out. Had you put the ferrule on the ground, and opened the umbrella upside down, you could have reached down and taken the meat out in the normal way, just like everybody else." The case was dismissed.

Vignette

"WAITER, another tin of this excellent wine!"

Recently the sommelier bears his burden to the table, amply reared with foaming champagne, frozen vegetables and crisp rolls of non-porous bread-custard. The opener performs its delicate task, and soon each plastic glass is filled with the head-giving beverage. The host, a true connoisseur, takes a sip of wine, holds it on his

tongue, to allow the taste-buds to react to the cunningly-blended chemicals, and then approaches his nose to the glass to savour the well-known overpowering bouquet. The guests, in a Lucullan abandon, repeat the feat, while Zoggy Zinghouse's Superboperoo Swingsters give "Crawlin' Around" everything they have got.

"Mod"

POOR Modigliani would have been a penitentiary inmate if he had not been a painter. Nobody bothered about his work until he died in 1920, but enormous crowds from Montparnasse and Montmartre followed his hearse, which was draped with expensive flowers. Please, watching the crowd of mourners, said a gendarme, "Well, it is his last evening."

Albanian bath-water

BATH-WATER spotters are on their toes. Meteorologists, after 15 years of research, have found that all bath-water north of the equator swirls down the plug-hole anti-clockwise, from left to right. A scientist claims that there are scientific laws to all currents. I fancy that this could be proved by examining a baked potato into the water on a windy day south of the equator. It is something to do with the Gulf Stream.

YOUR BIRTHDAY By STELLA

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4

BORN today, you have excellent judgment. You are original and inventive and have the ability to weigh matters in the balance and come up with the proper decision. Consequently, although you experiment most of the time, you are called "lucky" since your success is taken for granted. This ability to judge the true worth of a project gives you a long way toward bringing you success.

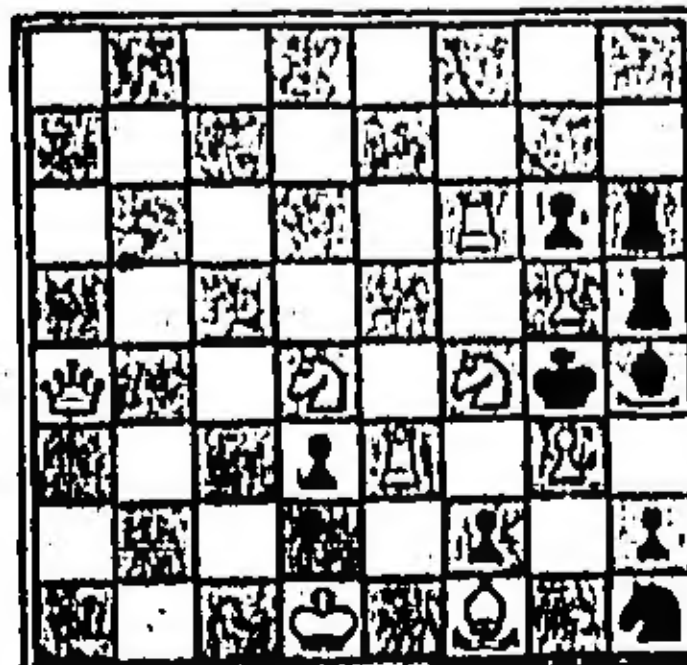
Methodical and practical, you still have a flair for the dramatic and know how to present stark facts and can draw them up and make them interesting. You have wit, imagination and a certain degree of ingenuity. You are highly emotional although your passions are strong and if you are for something, you are a strong protagonist. But you also make a bad enemy.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5

LIBRA (Sept. 21-Oct. 23)—Don't accept the intervention of a stranger in your personal affairs unless you feel like it.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—In giving instructions to those new in a job, be very explicit or errors may ensue.

CHESS PROBLEM

By O. STOCCHI
Black, 9 pieces.

White, 9 pieces.
White to play, mate in two.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. Kt-BP, any; 2. Q, Kt, or P (=Q, dis ch) mates.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—If you want entertainment, venture is embarked upon, be sure that you pay your full share of the expenses.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—If your employer's benefit association is giving an affair, offer your assistance in some committee.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—A new friend, made today, may prove one for the rest of your life—an unexpected pleasure.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—A suggestion given you by close friend might result in your making an unexpected profit.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Always be ready to help someone who needs encouragement. Moral support is often very important.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—If you are conscientious about doing your work right, you should be in line for a promotion soon.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—You can mend a slightly bent or broken friendship if you are diplomatic and make the first gesture.

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—If you will cooperate with a friend who has similar interests, you may be able to reap a handsome profit.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—You can arrange for special benefits from some organization to which you belong if you go about it correctly.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Enthusiasm over the success of a friend can bring you as much joy as if it had happened to you.

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Canadian Wins By Mere Discard

By OSWALD JACOBY

TOURNAMENT bridge players in the United States have a healthy respect for their cousins across the border. Canadians have often won events in the national championships.

Today's hand is taken from last year's Men's Pair Championship in which Eric Murray of Hamilton, Ont., and Douglas Drury of Toronto lifted the trophy from under the noses of American contenders. Nobody begrudged them their success, for Eric and Doug are great players and fine sportsmen.

West opened the nine of hearts against Eric Murray's contract of four spades. East took the jack of hearts, followed with the ace of hearts, and then led the king.

When the same contract was played at other tables of the tournament, some of the declarers made the mistake of trumping.

NORTH 1			
♠ A 6 4			
♥ Q 6 2			
♦ K 10			
♣ A Q 9 4 3			
WEST			
♠ 10 8 7 3			
♥ 9 5			
♦ 8 5 4 2			
♣ 7 0 2			
EAST			
♠ None			
♥ A K J 10 7 3			
♦ 8 7 6 3			
♣ K J 5			
SOUTH (D)			
♠ K Q J 9 8 2			
♥ 8 4			
♦ A Q J			
♣ A 8			
North-South vul.			
South	West	North	East
1 ♠	Pass	2 ♠	Pass
2 ♠	Pass	3 ♠	Pass
4 ♠	Pass	Pass	Pass
Opening lead—♥ D			

ing the third heart. It didn't matter whether South trumped high or low—West was bound to make a trump trick. Later on, moreover, East was bound to make a club trick, and the contract was thus defeated.

The Canadian master avoided this pitfall by discarding a club on the third round of hearts. He knew that this play could cost him nothing, for he was sure to lose a club trick sooner or later.

Now it was impossible for East to defeat the contract. If East led a fourth heart, dummy could ruff. Declarer could easily draw trumps without loss, after which his side cards in clubs and diamonds would be high.

CARD SENSE

Q—With neither side vulnerable, the bidding has been:
West North East South
1 Heart 1 Spade Pass 7

You, South, hold:
♠ 7 3 2 ♠ 8 2 ♠ 6 4 3 ♠ A Q J 5

What do you do?
A—P. Game is out of the question since North could make only a simple overall. There is no advantage in bidding the clubs since you are well enough satisfied with spades.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold:
♠ 7 3 2 ♠ 8 2 ♠ 6 4 3 ♠ A Q J 5

What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

TARGET

HOW many words of four letters can you make from the letters U, E, R, Y, O, N, D, H, G?

WOMANSENSE

London Milliner Forecasts A Revolution In Hat Styles

By DOROTHY BARKLEY

THIS is the time when women go shopping for clothes and searching for new ideas in accessories. What do they find this year? Among other things, a new line in hats and a new name in dress designers.

Whether they choose one of the new bulky hats remains to be seen, but milliners are doing their best to persuade them. One of these is Erik, the Danish milliner who showed his new styles recently.

He forecasts "quite a little revolution in styles" for, he explains, "the narrow slim dresses must be balanced by a big hat". The big hat usually has a definite forward tilt, emphasised by a heavy fringe. To emphasise the look most of

the hats are brimless, the crowns mounting straight up from the forehead.

For materials, Erik chooses long-haired melusine and fluffy angora, trimming them with outsize fringes of silver fox or feathers. Colours are equally striking—bright royal blue, often combined with emerald green, and a fuchsia pink. Sometimes hats are finished off with half-veils of coarse net, sometimes trimmed with a bright red floppy poppy. Pick of the bunch is a black velvet bonnet with a surround of white melusine. Next best, a green velvet toque trimmed with a giant silver fox fringe.

INDEPENDENT DESIGNER

Other unusual trimmings are twin fur snowballs either side of the hat, a burnt orange feather on a royal blue hat and a silver fox plume on a blue velvet hat.

With the new hats, best effects come with the trimmings. With the dresses of new designer Peter Alexander there is a noticeable absence of trimming, and effects are achieved with simplicity of line and richness of material.

Peter Alexander, who branches out as an independent designer for the first time, uses figured velvet, gold brocade, beige organza embroidered with black velvet, and sugar pink satin



Idea for an evening chignon with jewelled flower clips comes from Steiner.



Will you or won't you choose one of the new outdoor hats? This is Erik's version—black velvet, mounted with white melusine and worn straight on the head.

for evening. Dresses mostly have a slim silhouette, though this is sometimes broken at mid-hip level where the skirts spring into fullness.

His main theme is the evening outfit. Dresses have matching boleros, jackets or coats. One outfit consists of a dress in shadow-printed satin teamed with a red velvet coat lined to match the dress. Another evening dress in pink brocade feathered in silver has a matching bolero finished with white fox cuffs. A third in amethyst organza is partnered by a coat in toning satin.

All tastes are catered for in this first collection. Styles range from sophisticated dinner gowns to romantic ball gowns. Star of the show: a ball gown in pink tulle layered over white tulle, the bodice and

HOW TO WEAR A CHIGNON

Those looking for accessory ideas note the return of the trimmings. Illustrated here is a chignon, dressed up for evening with a variety of Steiner's jewel-trimmed versions. But he insists that wearing a chignon is not merely a matter of scrapping the hair back and fixing a few jewelled pins in it. It should be shaped as carefully as any other style. Steiner here softens the forehead with a splay fringe and takes the hair back softly to the chignon.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

It's The Organ-Grinder!

—His Music Made The Children Dance In The Streets—

By MAX TRELL

KNARF and Teddy the Stuffed Bear heard the music first, for they were standing by the open window and the music came flowing right in. It was a tinkly kind of jolly music.

Knarf said to Teddy: "It comes from a hand organ."

Teddy the Stuffed Bear had never seen a hand organ. But here Mr Punch, who was older than anyone else in the house, spoke up from the other side of the room.

"Not many children see or hear hand organs nowadays. But when I was a boy, they were common enough. I'm sorry they've become so scarce."

Brown and Wrinkled

"Look! Here comes the organ-grinder around the corner!" Knarf exclaimed.

Sure enough, there he was, a bent old man with a face as brown and wrinkled as an old paper bag. The organ itself was on wheels like a small cart. The organ-grinder man pushed it around the corner.

Tinkly Music

He finally stopped half-way down the street. Then he began turning the handle of the organ, instantly the tinkly jolly music came dancing out.

It was a strange thing. Hardly did the music begin to dance up and down the street than, from almost every house, the children came running out. They gathered all around the old organ-grinder. He nodded and smiled, and when he finished playing the first song, he held out his hat. The children put pennies in it.

Knarf and Teddy and Mr Punch went out to join the crowd of children. By this time, the organ-grinder had started to play another tune.

Teddy began waddling round and round the organ. He crawled down under it, looking up. Knarf and Mr Punch watched him for a minute or two. Then Knarf asked Teddy whether he was looking for something.

"I can't find where the music is coming out," he said.

"You can't see music, Teddy," said Knarf. "You can only hear it."

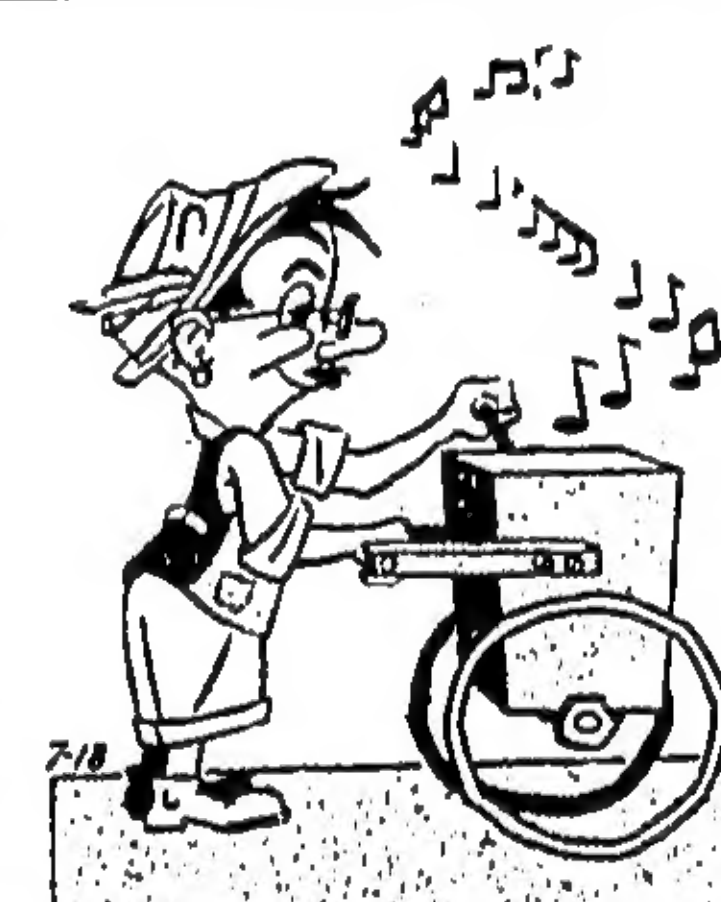
"I don't know about that," said Teddy. "If you can hear the notes, why can't you see them?"

Mr Punch said: "You can see music notes, when they are written down on paper like words in a book. But you can't see them when they are being played."

Bursting With Notes

Teddy said he wished he could find some way of getting inside the organ. "I know it's just bursting with notes," he said to his two friends. "And anyway, somebody must be inside the organ, playing the music notes. Else, how could any music be coming out?"

It was all Knarf and Mr Punch could do to keep Teddy



When he turned the handle, tinkly music came out.

from going up to the organ-grinder and asking him to lift up the top of the organ so that Teddy could look inside. Fortunately, the organ-grinder finished playing his last tune. He trundled off to another street, pushing the organ before him. Finally he was gone.

Knarf and Mr Punch and Teddy all sat down on the steps of their house.

"Just listen to me, Teddy," said Mr Punch. "There's nothing inside that organ but a lot of wheels and wires. It's like the inside of a piano."

Mr Punch was right, of course, but Teddy still wasn't completely satisfied.

"The next time that organ-grinder comes to our street, I'm going to ask him to let me look inside. Music is nice to listen to—I bet it's even nicer to look at."

Rupert and Dinkie—36



After a long wait the conjurer seems satisfied. "Come see," he commands. The others gather round and stare at the mirror which has become very cloudy. Gradually the shape of something appears from the cloud. "Surely it's like a picture of a tree," says

Pauline. "Yes, and him not far away," the Chinese agrees. "Come, we go find." But Rupert stops almost at once. "The tree in the mirror!" he cries. "It's that one over there. It's the very one I was under when something jumped on to me!"

Try Honey In Desserts

By ALICE DENHOFF

HERE are some new ways to use honey in recipes easy to make.

There's Frosted Honey Rice, for instance, a delicious dessert.

To serve 6-8, soften 1 tsp. gelatin in ¼ c. cold water. Add 1 c. hot milk and dissolve.

Add ½ c. honey, 2 c. cooked rice, ½ tsp. salt and ½ c. sugar. Stir in 1 c. cream, 1 c. finely chopped nuts and 1 tsp. vanilla.

Turn into mould and chill until set.

For a party sweet, serve a Golden Apricot Mousse.

Drain a large tin apricots and rub through sieve. Add ¼ c. honey and juice of a lemon.

Fold in 2 stiffly beaten egg whites and 1½ c. cream, whipped.

Pour mixture into refrigerator tray and freeze without stirring.

Whipped cream, or cream cheese that has been whipped, flavoured with honey and strained orange rind, makes a delicious dessert sauce.

For a sweet that is ever so good for youngsters, mix in order 1 pkg. cream cheese, ½ tsp. salt, 2 tsp. honey, 6 nutmeats, chopped, 1 small pkg. shredded coconut.

Shape into balls, and roll in powdered sugar, then chill.

Honey appears again in a dressing for a fruit salad.

Using 1 c. mayonnaise, stir in 2 tsp. honey; then fold in ¼ c. heavy sweet or sour cream.

Gourmet special, this one!

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We find it necessary to dispense with our Shoe Dept. . . . as we have to make room for the many new, attractive Separates and Co-ordinates which are now arriving for the coming Season . . . Cashmeres from Scotland . . . Exclusive Angolmeres from Italy . . . Miraculous New Blended Fabrics from the States . . .

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WORLD SERIES

YANKEES EVEN ACCOUNTS BY BEATING DODGERS 5-1 IN SIXTH GAME

By LEO H. PETERSEN

New York, Oct. 3.

The New York Yankees, scoring all their runs in a wild first inning, evened the World Series at three games each today when they defeated the Brooklyn Dodgers 5-1 behind the four-hit pitching of Whitey Ford.

Powered by a three-run homer by Bill Skowron after the Dodgers opened the gates with two fielding lapses by Junior Gilliam and the wildness of starting pitcher Karl Spooner, the Yankees gave their star southpaw all the runs he needed in his first time at bat, and sent the series into the seventh and deciding game tomorrow.

No Replacement Yet For Loader

London, Oct. 3. The replacement for Peter Loader, the Surrey fast bowler, in the MCC team to tour Pakistan this winter will not be known for a week or so.

This was announced by the MCC Selection Sub-Committee following a lengthy meeting at Lord's today. Loader withdrew under medical advice.

The MCC Cricket Sub-Committee also met at Lord's today and had a long preliminary discussion on the implications relating to the no-ball law. There was no statement afterwards. — France-Press.

HUTTON'S BACK IN PLASTER

London, Oct. 3. The next stage in the treatment of Len Hutton, the Yorkshire and England cricketer, came today when his back was encased in plaster.

He has been in Leeds Infirmary for a fortnight because of a slipped disc.

Hutton must stay in the plaster case for three months, but he will leave the hospital in about a week's time. — France-Press.

In that big one, it will be two southpaws starting for the clubs, with Tommy Byrne, who won the second game of the series, going against Johnny Podres, who won the third game for Brooklyn.

Ford was brilliant as he won his second series start. He had taken the first game 4-5, with ninth-inning relief help from Bob Grim. But today he went all the way and gave up only four singles to the right-handed power-packed Dodger line-up.

THIRD INNING

What's more, the Dodgers lost their record-breaking home run hitting star, Duke Snider, who injured his left knee in the third inning and had to leave the game. It is doubtful if Snider will be able to play tomorrow in the big one at Yankee Stadium.

Spencer started off today by walking shortstop Phil Rizzuto, then on a 3-2 count fanned Billy Martin. But Gilliam was slow covering second base and Rizzuto, who was off with the pitch, advanced safely. An upset Spooner walked Oli McDougald.

Yogi Berra then hit a ground ball just to the right of second base but it went past Gilliam into center field. Rizzuto scoring. It was not too difficult a chance for Gilliam, but the official scorer called it a hit.

Hank Bauer rapped a legitimate single to left, scoring McDougald.

Dodgers' manager Walt Alton appeared on the dugout steps, but let Spooner pitch to

Skowron. The Yankee first baseman rifled one into the right field stands for three runs.

BREAK THROUGH

Only once did the Dodgers break through Ford's assortment of fast balls, curves and speed-ups. That was in the fourth inning when Pee Wee Reese singled, went to second when Campanella walked and scored on Carl Furillo's single.

Ford was in trouble after that, but always managed to bear down when the heat was on as a good crowd of 64,022 in the big Yankee Stadium cheered him on.

After Skowron's homer, Alton brought in Russ Meyer, but it was too late. The Yankees did not score off the right-hander, nor his successor, Ed Roebuck. But those big five runs in the first inning were enough.

Skowron's homer tied the two-team record of 17 in one series, set by these same two clubs in 1933. — United Press.

NZ Cricket Team Leaves For India

Wellington, Oct. 3. The New Zealand cricket team left here by air today for their 16-match tour of India and Pakistan.

The team is due at Karachi on October 5 and the first match will be against a Karachi XI on October 8. — Reuter.

TIME OUT FOR A DANCE



This unusual picture was shot during a recent match in Copenhagen between the Frem and Skovshoved teams. While one of the players makes a flying leap for the ball, two others seem to be taking time out for a dance. Well, a football field is as good a place as any to polish up your Mambo steps. — London Express Photo.

SPORTS SURVEY

Unconventional Cricket Match In Mid-Solent During Autumn Equinox

By "ALL-ROUNDER"

The Brambles sand-bank in mid-Solent is exposed twice a year only at low tide—at the spring and autumn equinox. An unconventional cricket match was played there on the latter occasion on September 17 between Mr Uffa Fox's team of "Yachtsmen" and a combined Parkhurst and Camp Hill XI calling themselves the "Prisoners."

The two sides sailed to the "ground" in a sloop, and stumps were pitched on the exposed sand which measured about thirty square yards. Several of the fielders took a ducking when they retrieved boundary hits — the boundary being the water's edge.

The "Yachtsmen," who included Dr Reginald Bennett, Conservative MP for Gosport and Fareham, won by four runs in an exciting finish. Both the Governor and the assistant governor of Parkhurst Prison, turned out for the "Prisoners."

Now a football match is envisaged for the Brambles at the spring equinox.

Birkenhead Park Rugby Union Club, who have made a poor

start to the new season with three successive defeats, are in for a hectic October. They will break fresh ground when they travel to Federal Germany at the beginning of the month to meet the Deutscher Rugby XV, and three days later the Park are to face either a RAF Germany XV or a Combined Services side at Munchen-Gladbach, headquarters of Northern Army Group.

Liverpool play Upper Park on October 8, and cross to Northern Ireland a week later to meet Dublin Wanderers and North of Ireland, they will be playing six very strenuous matches in only 17 days.

THOMAS EDISON

Rhyl FC, the North Wales soccer club who are to entertain the full Bolton Wanderers League side under floodlights on October 31, are proud to recall that they played their first match under 'lights' as long ago as December 1879 — possibly the first Association Football match to be played in Britain under such conditions.

Thomas Edison, then touring the country demonstrating the wonders of electricity, was responsible. He fixed up the floodlight with his dynamo and a three-horse machine borrowed from a farmer. According to the club's records, many hundreds of spectators were attracted and the home side swamped the opposition 7-1.

R. W. V. Robins, the former Middlesex and England cricketer and Test selector, put forward a revolutionary plan (not his own) to brighten up the County Cricket Championship when he spoke in a television show recently. Championship matches would be played only on Saturday, Sunday and Monday of each week, with the championship cut in half to provide for promotion and relegation. The rest of the week would be set aside for Test matches and other games.

He pointed out that better attendances on Sundays would largely offset the loss of gate money due to one and not two championship matches each week. He thought the present programme was too heavy.

He was supported by Mr C. G. Howard, the secretary of the Lancashire County Cricket Club, but Wilfred Wooller, captain and secretary of Glamorgan, disagreed that there was too much first-class cricket in Britain. He thought that there should be 32 Championship games, with each county playing each other at home and away to make the Championship fairer.

British Ryder Cup Team Chosen By Wrong System

Says LEONARD BELSHAM

London, Oct. 3.

The announcement last week of the Professional Golfers' Association's order of merit for 1955 adds weight to the widespread belief that Britain's Ryder Cup team was chosen by a wrong system.

Also that a blunder was committed in not giving one of the last three places to Henry Cotton, non-playing captain of the 1953 team and admittedly, even to his severest critics, number one personality in the game.

It can be added that the system adopted—first seven in the order of merit up to and including the Open Championship and three others depending on performances in the late season events—has now been scrapped, a confession perhaps of its weakness.

But with the final order of merit Cotton disturbed the top seven as placed after the Open. He finished fifth mainly because of a great display in the Masters Tournament in which he was runner-up to Harry Bradshaw. Bradshaw was already in the Cup team and so it would have been logical in all circumstances to give a place to the second man—Cotton.

But for some reason he was passed over and the last three places went to Eric Brown, Arthur Lees and Johnny Fallon.

Lees is only a year younger than Cotton, and Fallon is past 42.

Their positions in the final order of merit were 18th and 20th respectively.

DOUBTFUL

Brown, a great fighter and runner-up to Ken Bousfield in the Match Play Championship, earned his place but doubts have been expressed about Lees and Fallon. Lees certainly

In Allis's case there is doubtless youth in his favour and there are people who would have liked to see most, if not all, old stages scrapped for this match. "We can't win a Ryder Cup match in the United States—yet," said one critic, "no let's concentrate on 1957 and blood a team this year with the encounter of two years hence in mind."

It might have been a very good idea. And Cotton, non-playing captain of a young gang, could not have been surpassed. — China Mail Special.

Dai Dower KO'd In 12th Round By Spanish Champion

Nottingham, England, Oct. 3.

Young Martin, 24-year-old Spanish Champion, won the European Flyweight boxing title here tonight when he knocked out the holder, Dai Dower of Wales, in the 12th round of their 15-round Championship fight here tonight.

It was the first defeat in 28 bouts for the 22-year-old Dower, who still holds the British and British Empire titles. This was the Welshman's first defence of the European crown which he won last March from Nazzareno Giannelli of Italy.

The dark-haired strongly-built Martin had Dower in trouble early in the bout and the Welshman never seemed happy against his southpaw opponent.

DOWER DOWN

As early as the third round the Spaniard was beginning to show the superiority of his punching and the end was in sight from the beginning of the fifth round when Martin dropped Dower for a count of nine—the first time the Welshman had been felled for such a lengthy count.

Martin kept up the offensive and Dower had neither the skill nor the strength to keep him at bay.

In the tenth round alone Dower was felled six times—taking counts of six, eight, eight, nine, nine and seven. He came back courageously in the eleventh but another scaring left hook under the ribs put him down for another count of eight.

In the 12th round, Martin advanced confidently with the knowledge that he had the fight well won. He dropped Dower with another left hook to the body and Dower was no sooner up than he was again sent on the canvas — this time writhing and rolling on the floor.

He struggled once more to beat the count, but was rising shakily when the referee reached ten and signalled that the fight was over.

Victory for the Spaniard tonight puts him in line for a World Championship bout with Pascual Perez, the Argentinian holder. The fight was considered by many to be virtually an elimination contest for a crack at KDC. — Reuter.

Kuts Runs Under 29 Minutes For 10 Kilometres

Bucharest, Oct. 3.

Vladimir Kuts, the new Russian distance runner, felled by only five seconds today in an attempt to beat the 10,000 Metres world record of 28 mins 54.2 secs held by Emil Zatopek of Czechoslovakia.

Kuts, however, set up a new Soviet record with a time of 28 mins 59.2 secs. Weather conditions were against a fast time with a chilly, gusty wind blowing across the republic stadium. — Reuter.

LADIES' BOWLS

The United Services Recreation Club beat the Kowloon Dock Club 30-17 in a Ladies' League Lawn bowls match played at KDC yesterday.

UBRC Mrs Flander, Mrs Goodyear, Mrs Green, Mrs Hargreaves, (skip), KDC Mrs H. Davidson, Mrs J. Marshall, Mrs J. Riley, Mrs Campbell (skip).

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OMEGA *THUR*

Tuckernuck Best Backed Horse For The Cesarewitch

London, Oct. 3.

Tuckernuck, a three-year-old colt trained at Newmarket by Fred Armstrong, was the best backed horse for the Cesarewitch at tonight's Victoria Club callover on the "Autumn Double" races.

Tuckernuck closed at 20 to 1 after being supported to win £8,000. Smart lightweight jockey Wally Swinburn has been engaged to ride him.

Bon Mot II, a six-year-old French-bred gelding owned and trained by Stanley Woolton at Epsom, made the biggest advance to 100 to 6 from 33 to 1. There was no big money for him, but layers were cautious following his prominent display in last Saturday's Newbury Autumn Cup in which he finished sixth, beaten just over a length.

French Design, last year's Cesarewitch winner, is now clear favourite at 10 to 1. There was more support tonight for his stable companion, Romney Legend, at 100 to 8. Business on the Cambridge Handicap was very light. Golden Planet and Retrial (who advanced to 25 to 1 from 33) were the only two seriously backed.

Closing odds were:
CESAREWITCH STAKES (2 miles 2 furlongs, Newmarket Oct. 12)
10 to 1 French Design.
100 to 8 Romney Legend and Persepolis.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE HANDICAP

(1 mile 1 furlong, Newmarket October 28)
100 to 9 Turks Blood.
100 to 6 Manati and Golden Planet.

18 to 1 Pirnie.
20 to 1 Double Red.
25 to 1 Novato, Alligator II and Retrial.

33 to 1 Cronus, Military Court, Koolburra and Tudor Jinks.
40 to 1 Bee Wallah, Marly Knowe, North Cone, Cardillac, Tale of Two Cities and My Smokey.
50 to 1 Va Presto. — China Mail Special.

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Vienna, Hollywood, Childhood,
Broadway, and with American Avail-
able from The Sole Distributors, D.
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DON'T invite mosquito-persecution
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NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"ANCHORS"
Damaged cargo on this vessel will
be surveyed by Messrs. Paulsen &
Bayes-Davy at Horta Wharf from
10 a.m. on October 6 and 7, 1955,
and consignees are requested to have
their representatives present during
the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hong Kong, October 4, 1955.

To ADVERTISERS

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MORNING POST and the
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Special Announcements
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Hong Kong Birds

Herklots, G. A. C. 1953.
Hong Kong Birds, Pp.
vii+233, 11 pls., 8 in
colour, numerous black-
and-white drawings in
text. Hong Kong: South
China Morning Post,
Ltd., HK\$35.00.

"... a most welcome
handbook for ornitholo-
gists resident or station-
ed in Hong Kong. All
the hitherto recorded
species are included;
plumages are clearly and
concisely described, and
a short account is given
of field characters,
voice, habits, status,
etc. The illustrations,
except for three plates
of photographs, are all
by Cdr. A. M. Hughes,
and include four attrac-
tive plates of the heads
of 42 species and many
useful drawings in the
text. The writer of this
review would have bene-
fited greatly from this
book when stationed
in Hong Kong some
7 years ago. Even now,
on referring to it, some
40 unfamiliar species
on which notes were
made at the time have
almost all proved easily
identifiable. — D. W. B.

(Extract from "The Bird" entitled
"The Bird" entitled "The Bird"
Union, British Museum).

S. C. M. POST
HONG KONG KOWLOON

FOUR MEN IN AN ANTARCTIC BLIZZARD

Drama Of Modern Voyage Across Frozen Sea Ice UNHERALDED EXPLOIT

(By T. A. G. Hungerford of the Australian News and Information Bureau
who accompanied the Expedition)

In the middle of May last year people all over Australia were in the middle of a Federal election campaign weighing the promises of rival political parties; waiting for the opening of the Petrov Royal Commission; talking about the likely Australian team for the Empire Games; in fact going about the normal business of living pretty much as in any other year.

At about the same time, four young men, two Australians, a New Zealander and a Scotsman, were close to death in a blizzard amongst the crumbling sea ice on the edge of the Antarctic continent, 4,000 miles south-west of Melbourne. Very few people even heard about it.

These four young men, Robert Dovers, Bruce Stinear, Bill Storer and Bill Harvey, were members of the Australian National Antarctic Research Expedition, which in February 1954 established its first permanent scientific station at Mawson, on the Antarctic mainland. Its other two bases, on Heard and Macquarie Islands, were founded in late 1947 and early 1948 respectively, and all the Antarctic know-how accumulated there went into the building of the latest base.

The meteorological functions of these bases can prove of incalculable value to Australia, but is only part of their purpose, which includes programmes of research on radiology, seismology, cosmic rays, geology, biology and zoology.

They serve also to show the earnest intentions of Australians to explore and develop to the extent of their resources their vast and largely unknown Antarctic territories.

PETROL AND SAFETY

For that reason the four young men set out from Mawson on May 17, their intention being to explore along the coast East of Mawson "as far as petrol and safety permitted."

Their equipment would have engendered envy, almost disbelief, in polar expeditions of a generation ago. There were two weasels, tracked vehicles which, developed by the Americans during the last war and fitted by ANARE with cabins for the comfort and safety of the occupants, have proved of great value in the snow and ice travel. They towed two large caravans, tank-like, wheel-less transports of plywood, also developed by ANARE, which can be used either as sleeping and living quarters or for the storage of equipment. On this occasion, one was used as a cargo carrier and one was fitted as a survival unit with five months' sledge rations, fuel and other necessities. Two weasel sledges and a man-hauling sledge completed the train.

Knowledge gleaned from polar ventures by many nationalities, coupled with the application of recent developments in fabrics and tools and instruments, fitted this expedition as fully as an expedition could be fitted to overcome any emergency. Clothing of nylon fabric lined with down, wind and water and cold proof to an amazing degree, relegated to museums the traditional thick and heavy furs of snow travel. In the caravans were cylinders of cooking gas, lengths of finest nylon rope, light and virtually indestructible, electric hand-lamps, radio and scientific equipment, sponge rubber sleeping mats, an oxygen mask and cylinder; wonderfully warm, down-lined sleeping bags; with nylon inner sheets, which fold into incredible small bags, varieties of food and fuel scientifically designed to sustain and function in the lowest temperatures. Apparatus for bridging gaps in the ice was carried, and nothing which could be thought of and provided was withheld.

MALICE & FEROCITY

But the Antarctic cannot be measured and assessed and tied up in a parcel. No matter how much thought and preparation is devoted to its subjection, there are hidden in its white fastnesses reserves of malice and ferocity upon which it calls at will to resist incalculable powers which savagely frustrate the intrusion of men upon its sovereignty. It was against these that the well-equipped Eastern Coastal journey came to grief, and it was from them that the four members of the expedition had so narrow an escape.

The weather when they left Mawson at noon was just weather—neither good nor bad, with light changeable winds and an overcast sky. With each weasel towing its train, the familiar campaign on the ice-bound harbour soon dropped out of sight behind them, the long slopes of black, rock and the starling of huts and storehouses, the food and fuel dumps and the lines of sledges, hauled on the

snow-streaked hillside, gave way to the all encompassing whiteness of the level sea-ice, to the sky and the chilled silence. The surface was good, and nowhere was the sea-ice less than two feet thick—safe travel even for the heavily laden vehicles.

The next day, the Antarctic began to show its hand. The wind increased to 40 knots, the sky was obscured by drifting snow and the temperature was 22 degrees below freezing.

Between these bars outcrops of rock and the next land, the Scullin Monolith, lay 85 miles of sea-ice, a formidable barrier. At this point watery sky, a reflection of open water on low-hanging clouds and frost smoke, another indication of open water were seen. Dovers, the leader of the party, seriously considered turning back. He found no conclusive evidence of open water, so continued. He is the son of a member of Mawson's 1911 expedition—Antarctic is in his blood, and with it perhaps, the conviction that you never get anywhere by turning back too soon.

MASS OF ROCK

On the fourth day, the party reached the Scullin Monolith, a great black mass of rock 1,000 feet in height, rising sheer from the sea at the edge of the listening polar icecap.

As soon as Dovers' party entered the bay, gale force winds assailed them. They had already lost their bridging equipment, blown from its lashings some miles back and left with the hawking it.

On the morning of the next day the stage was really set. Tempestuous winds howled from every quarter, the barometer was falling and a heavy swell ground the bay ice into a jagged chaos. At 9.30, with the first light, Dovers discovered that slight cracks had appeared in the ice about the weasels, and that the whole surface moved and creaked uneasily over a perceptible swell. At the time, the party was having breakfast, a meal which they were destined not to finish, and which almost proved to be their last. Both weasels were started immediately, without time even to refuel. Before they had gone very far, they were scrambling desperately from floe to tilting floe, somehow dragging their caravans and sledges with them across widening cracks.

SURVIVAL CARAVAN

By the skin of their teeth, they crawled into a narrow cleft half-way along the eastern shore of the bay. Unable to land the weasels through a stretch of water and shattered ice, they concentrated on the survival caravan which, with its stock of food and fuel, was their chief intangible whatever lay ahead of them.

Their only snatch block lost, they were forced, when they had established on anchorage ashore, to tow through a rope loop instead, using the power of the weasel. The towing rope parted, and they were obliged to leave the weasels on the bucking floes on which they stood, and expend all their energies on getting the caravan to land.

With a chain block on shore, clinging by some miracle of luck or desperation to the ice hummocks of a narrow tongue of non-tidal ice, they winched it inch by inch towards them. The wind bent them flat, showering them with frozen spray and jagged shrapnel bursts of ice. Out in the bay, the heavy bridging timbers floated around like feathers. The second barge caravan was turned completely over, and righted again by successive gusts of wind, and the weasel sledges, each weighed down with a ton and a half of petrol, were moved around like dominoes.

At one stage, the gale picked up the heavily laden man-hauling sledge and hurled it bodily through the air at Bruce Stinear, narrowly missing him. The ice floe supporting one of the weasels slowly heeled over and began to slide, but they could do

nothing about it. The Antarctic was really turning it on.

The survival caravan had a large hole in the hull, and certainly would not float unless repaired. As soon as it was on a solid floe, Bill Harvey, the carpenter from Scotland, and Bill Storer, the radio-operator from Sydney, crawled out against the screaming wind and somehow, half frozen and working in the pale glow of the electric hand lamps, patched it.

BURNING COLD

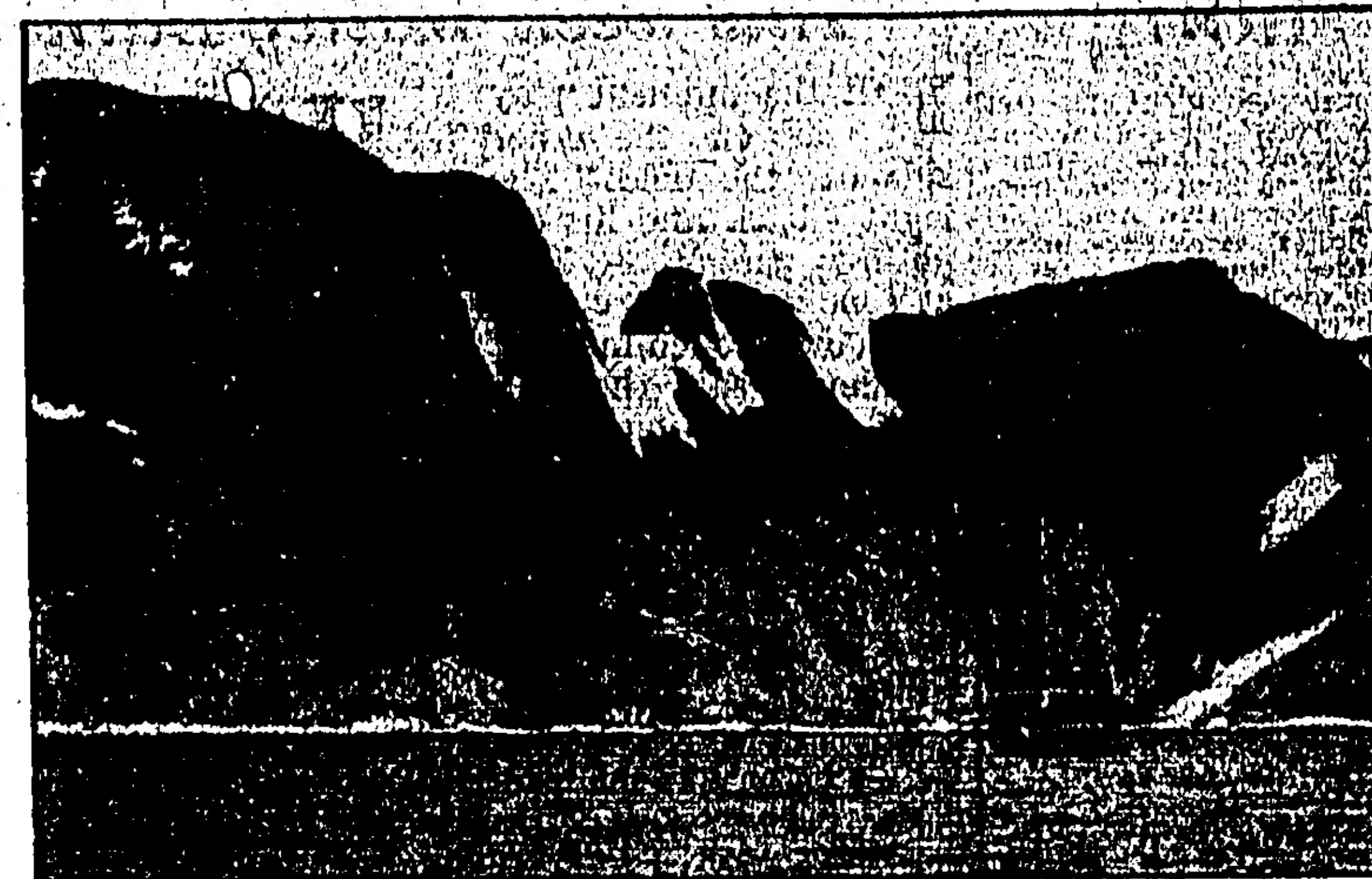
One of them dropped the copper nails which they were using, which meant that when ever the air seared their exposed skin with burning cold, to retrieve each nail they had to plunge their hands into about a foot of freezing water and sludge ice which washed over the floe.

The wind rocked their caravan on its tiny floe, bombarding it savagely with flying chunks of ice, grinding and bumping its thin plywood skin against the moving floe outside, filling their thoughts and keeping them awake.

Daylight brought a moderation in the force of the wind and a chance to assess the damage. A trail of scattered gear all across the bay testified to the fury of the tempest. One weasel, minus its doors, was poised on a floe in the middle of the bay; the other was completely submerged, held upended on the edge of an ice-floe by the tip of one track. The two weasel sledges and the shattered second caravan were on floes, the man-hauling sledge battered, but afloat. So much for all the thought and preparation which had gone into the expedition.

INTO ICY WATER

Unable to reach land because of a bolt of water and shattered ice, the party salvaged what gear they could and reinforced the patch on the hull of the survival caravan. Storer, trying to recover the floating sledge, fell into the icy water and had to be rescued. Later on he made contact with Mawson and revealed their plight. Mawson could do nothing to help them, but it seemed some consolation, at least, that someone else knew about it. The tenuous radio



In the Antarctic spring of 1954, four men of the Australian National Antarctic Research Expedition led by Robert Dovers set out from the Australian Antarctic base at Mawson to travel 115 miles to the Scullin Monolith, a towering outcrop of rock west of the base. They travelled in two weasels (tracked vehicles for travel over ice and snow) with two plywood living caravans and three sledges in tow. Their voyage across the frozen sea ice is one of the outstanding journeys of modern Antarctic exploration.

Picture shows the Australian National Antarctic Research Expedition relief ship, Danish ice breaker Kista Dan, anchored off the Scullin Monolith during her visit in the summer of 1954.—ANARE Photo by Philip Law.

beam bound them, in a way, to their chance of survival.

From that day, May 22, until June 14, the four men lived amongst the wreckage of their equipment until they would be able to essay the return to Mawson.

When once their actual survival was reasonably assured, they went methodically about the business which had brought them there—the geological surveys, the mapping, the astronomical fixes and all the means by which such pioneer expeditions gather knowledge for the enlightenment of those who might come after.

And they continued their salvage operations. They literally hauled the man-hauling sledge from a foot of living ice. They survived a subsidence of the non-tidal ice on which they had perched their caravan, and

were left hanging against the sheer rock face by their mooring ropes, as Dovers said, like a lifeboat on its davits.

On June 13, they decided to run for home. Favourable weather developed during the day, but slowly so that it was not until 2 o'clock in the afternoon that the surviving weasel crept out across the treacherous sea-ice; with its four occupants and its train of caravan, two weasel sledges and the man-hauling sledge, buffeted by savage gusts of wind and lit palely by a freezing moon.

And for all their magnificent effort, the trip was in a way, a failure. Not only did the Antarctic claim a weasel and a caravan, precious equipment, but on the very night of their return to Mawson the surviving weasel caught fire and was destroyed. With it they lost a

large part of the results of their geological and survey work, the magnetic and tidal observations which they had been at such pains to accumulate.

However, some geological notes and specimens were saved, and the results of astronomical fixes and a declination readings calculated in the field were preserved in diaries. And above all, they gained invaluable experience in ice travel, and proved to their own satisfaction, and to the satisfaction of the Australian National Antarctic Research Expedition, which designed it, that equipment which could survive such tests must be good.

With that under their belts, they, or someone else to whom they will pass on their knowledge, will go back to the Scullin Monolith, and beyond it.

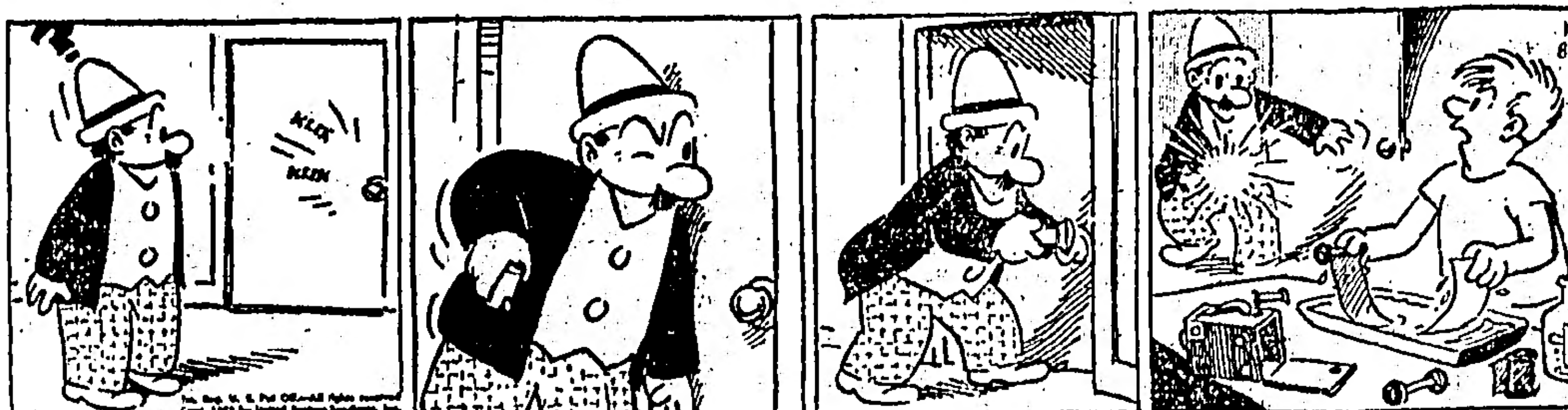
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

By Mik



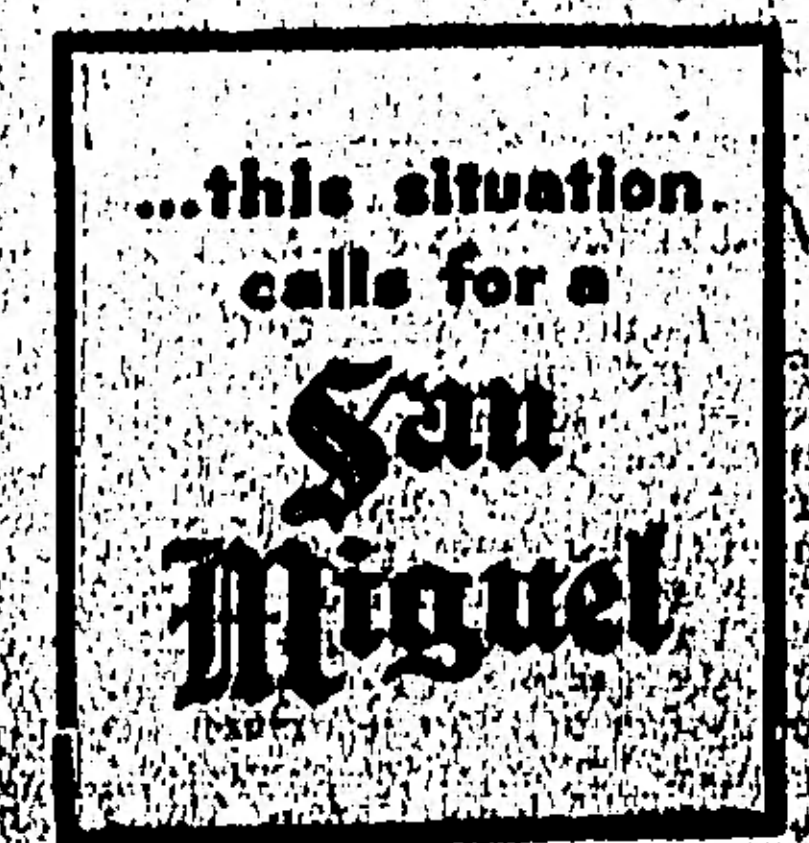
NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

DETAILS OF AUSTRALIAN IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

Saving This Financial Year Likely To Be Only A£20 Million

Canberra, Oct. 3. Mr Robert Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, announced in the House of Representatives that Australia would cut imports by A£80 millions a year.

He said the cuts would operate from October 1. The Minister of Customs would announce details later.

Mr Menzies said Government defence and civil imports would be reduced from the budgeted A£59 millions to A£40 millions. Commonwealth capital works projects would be cut by A£10 millions.

The hire purchase industry had agreed to recommend a minimum deposit of 33-1/3 per cent on motor vehicles, with a maximum hiring period of thirty months, among other things.

The new import restrictions, supplementing those applied last April, would bring imports to a level "which we can reasonably expect by June, 1956 to finance without further running down our reserves."

Mr Menzies continued:

"When I indicate the object of the further restrictions is to save at the rate of A£20 millions a year on imports, I

do not mean to say we can under these proposals save the whole A£80 millions in this financial year," he continued. "On the contrary, we will begin to effect a saving only in the last quarter of the year, so that the actual saving within the present financial year will be A£20 millions."

Mr Menzies said it was the desire of the Government that import restrictions should interfere as little as possible with current Australian production. The details had been examined with the greatest care to this

and by a committee of ministers and expert officials.

As only one-quarter of the total to be saved on imports would be effected in the current year, overseas balances would inevitably run down substantially by June 30, 1956.

"But if our calculations are right we will on and after that date have brought our overseas payments into balance and the run on our reserves will have come to an end," he said.

Mr Menzies said it was important to have external receipts and payments equalled by the end of the financial year.

Unless Australia was to have a permanently unbalanced economy with import restrictions as a chronic feature, something must be done to stimulate exports. He hoped a sound basis would be found for an export credit scheme.

The Prime Minister said he was seeking the co-operation of farmers, representatives and others in an export drive and the government was willing to send strong missions overseas with special tasks to develop new markets. — China Mail Special.

Irish Shirtmakers Fear Japanese Dumping

Dublin, Oct. 3. Shirtmakers and cotton piece goods manufacturers in Eire were concerned over the threat to flood the country with Japanese goods which would retail in some cases at seven times less than domestic-made manufactured articles.

A deputation from shirtmakers have already seen the relevant minister who is understood to have promised not to allow Japanese shirts to be imported.

Japanese shirts retail for about 5/- compared with the home product price of 25/- — China Mail Special.

Sharp Fall In Price Of Cotton

New York, Oct. 3. Cotton prices today went into a nose-dive falling by \$10 a bale to suffer the widest break for any day in more than five years.

Super-sized crop prospects, despite the sharp cutback in acreage this year, joined with weakness of the Liverpool market and uncertainties about how the Government is going to dispose of the already big surplus, to bring in a flood of liquidating and hedge selling orders.

Technical replacement buying, plus a mill demand and covering by day traders rallied prices from the lows but the list still closed with net losses of 122 to 164 points. The market opened off 8 to 45 points. New Orleans closed off 123 to 129 points.

One private crop survey today estimated the Oct. 1 yield at 14,250,000 bales. This would be 1,077,000 bales more than the last Government figure and would compare with 13,696,000 bales produced in 1954. The next government report will be issued on Monday, Oct. 10.

While cotton is being grown under rigid acreage allotments this year, the survey says it is quite possible that a considerable amount is being produced on an undisclosed and unreported acreage.

Trading volume and open interest in the exchange were today:

Month	Volume	Open Interest
Oct.	70,300	699,600
Nov.	80,000	371,600
Dec.	71,200	510,700
Jan.	28,900	218,800
Feb.	15,200	121,400
Mar.	1,600	6,000
Total	268,000	2,038,200 bales

A spokesman of the British Motor Manufacturers and Traders Association said Australia was Britain's foremost outlet for exports of British cars. Last year she took motor cars to the value of £24 millions and commercial vehicles to the tune of £10 millions. — China Mail Special.

Effect On Britain

London, Oct. 3. Although most industrial circles in Britain are reserving their judgment on the effects of Australia's import cuts, some quarters put the cost to Britain as high as £40 million a year.

The cuts would make it very difficult for the British Government to balance its own exports, they said, and the effects could well affect the entire community.

One of the hardest hit sectors would be those export merchants who had specialised in the export trade to Australia. British car exports were another sector which would be affected.

A spokesman of the British Motor Manufacturers and Traders Association said Australia was Britain's foremost outlet for exports of British cars. Last year she took motor cars to the value of £24 millions and commercial vehicles to the tune of £10 millions. — China Mail Special.

Singapore Stock Market

Singapore, Oct. 4. Brokers today quoted the following stock prices:

Stock	Opening	Closing
Batu Lintang Rubber	11.70	11.70
British Borneo Petroleum	44/-	44/-
Consolidated Tin Smelters	28/6	28/6
Fraser & Neave	11.75	11.75
Fraser & Neave P. B. P.	7.50	7.50
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	32.00	32.00
Hongkong Tin	7/6	7/6
Kempas	32.70	32.70
Kuala Lumpur Rubber	32.70	32.70
Malayan Breweries	32.70	32.70
New Serendip Rubber	11.70	11.70
Petaling	32.70	32.70
Raffles Hotel	32.70	32.70
Singapore Cold Storage	11.70	11.70
Straits Trading	32.70	32.70
Strait Steamship	32.70	32.70
United Engineers	10.90	10.90
Wearne Bros.	32.70	32.70

— China Mail Special.

New York Foreign Exchange

Country	Rate
England official	2.70-2.70
England unofficial	2.70-2.70
30-day futures	2.70-2.70
90-day futures	2.70-2.70
Australia	2.70-2.70
New Zealand	2.70-2.70
South Africa	2.70-2.70
Southern Rhodesia	2.70-2.70
Holland	2.70-2.70
India	2.70-2.70
Pakistan	2.70-2.70

— United Press.

London Foreign Exchange

Country	Rate
New York	2.70-2.70
Montreal	2.70-2.70
Amsterdam	2.70-2.70
Brussels	2.70-2.70
Frankfurt	2.70-2.70
Geneva	2.70-2.70
Paris	2.70-2.70
Stockholm	2.70-2.70
Zurich	2.70-2.70

— United Press.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business on the Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$930,000. Noon quotations and the morning's dealings:

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Sales
HK Bank	1750	40	1720
Union	900	0	900
Doors	53	0	53
IC. Wharf	73	74	0
Doors	2800	0	2800
(Oils)	1500	1010	800
Wheelock	0000	0000	0000

Land, etc.	HK Hotel	10.20	18.00	1000	18.40
HK Land	04	05	1200	04 1/2	36.30
HK Land	37 1/2	04	05	1200	04 1/2
HK Land	37 1/2	04	05	1200	04 1/2

Humphreys 20.00 21

HK (New) 10.00 20

RUBBER 3.23

Utilities 24 1/2 24.00 500 24.00

Y'mat Ferry 114 116

C. Light (O) 23.10 23.40

C. Light (N) 17.70 18.10

Electric 42 1/2 42 1/2

Macao Elec. 34 1/2 35

Telephone 34 1/2 35

INDUSTRIALS 39 1/2 40

Cement 39 1/2 40

Rope 17 1/2 18

STONES, ETC. 21 1/2 22

Dairy 21 1/2 22

Watson 14.00

Kwong Sang 161

COTTONS 5.05 5.05

Textiles 5.05 5.05

MISCELLANEOUS 5.05

Alfred 5.05

WORLD RUBBER PRICES

Singapore, Oct. 3.

The market opened weak on heavy liquidation but steadied on short covering. Futures:

No.	1 rubber per lb.	Oct.	11.25-11.30
No.	2 rubber per lb.	Nov.	11.30-11.35
No.	3 rubber per lb.	Dec.	11.35-11.40
No.	4 rubber per lb.	Jan.	11.40-11.45
No.	5 rubber per lb.	Feb.	11.45-11.50
No.	6 rubber per lb.	Mar.	11.50-11.55
No.	7 rubber per lb.	Apr.	11.55-12.00
No.	8 rubber per lb.	May.	12.00-12.05
No.	9 rubber per lb.	Jun.	12.05-12.10
No.	10 rubber per lb.	Jul.	12.10-12.15
No.	11 rubber per lb.	Aug.	12.15-12.20
No.	12 rubber per lb.	Sep.	12.20-12.25
No.	13 rubber per lb.	Oct.	12.25-12.30
No.	14 rubber per lb.	Nov.	12.30-12.35
No.	15 rubber per lb.	Dec.	12.35-12.40
No.	16 rubber per lb.	Jan.	12.40-12.45
No.	17 rubber per lb.	Feb.	12.45-12.50
No.	18 rubber per lb.	Mar.	12.50-12.55
No.	19 rubber per lb.	Apr.	12.55-13.00
No.	20 rubber per lb.	May.	13.00-13.05
No.	21 rubber per lb.	Jun.	13.05-13.10
No.	22 rubber per lb.	Jul.	13.10-13.15
No.	23 rubber per lb.	Aug.	13.15-13.20
No.	24 rubber per lb.	Sep.	13.20-13.25
No.	25 rubber per lb.	Oct.	13.25-13.30
No.	26 rubber per lb.	Nov.	13.30-13.35
No.	27 rubber per lb.	Dec.	13.35-13.40
No.	28 rubber per lb.	Jan.	13.40-13.45
No.	29 rubber per lb.	Feb.	13.45-13.50
No.	30 rubber per lb.	Mar.	13.50-13.55
No.	31 rubber per lb.	Apr.	13.55-14.00
No.	32 rubber per lb.	May.	14.00-14.05
No.	33 rubber per lb.	Jun.	14.05-14.10
No.	34 rubber per lb.	Jul.	14.10-14.15
No.	35 rubber per lb.	Aug.	14.15-14.20
No.	36 rubber per lb.	Sep.	14.20-14.25
No.	37 rubber per lb.	Oct.	14.25-14.30
No.	38 rubber per lb.	Nov.	14.30-14.35
No.	39 rubber per lb.	Dec.	14.35-14.40
No.	40 rubber per lb.	Jan.	14.40-14.45
No.	41 rubber per lb.	Feb.	14.45-14.50
No.	42 rubber per lb.	Mar.	14.50-14.55
No.	43 rubber per lb.	Apr.	14.55-15.00
No.	44 rubber per lb.	May.	15.00-15.05
No.	45 rubber per lb.	Jun.	15.05-15.10
No.	46 rubber per lb.	Jul.	15.10-15.15
No.	47 rubber per lb.	Aug.	15.15-15.20
No.	48 rubber per lb.	Sep.	15.20-15.25
No.	49 rubber per lb.	Oct.	15.25-15.30
No.	50 rubber per lb.	Nov.	15.30-15.35
No.	51 rubber per lb.	Dec.	15.35-15.40
No.	52 rubber per lb.	Jan.	15.40-15.45
No.	53 rubber per lb.	Feb.	15.45-15.50
No.	54 rubber per lb.	Mar.	15.50-15.55
No.	55 rubber per lb.	Apr.	15.55-16.00
No.	56 rubber per lb.	May.	16.00-16.05
No.	57 rubber per lb.	Jun.	16.05-16.10
No.	58 rubber per lb.	Jul.	16.10-16.15
No.	59 rubber per lb.	Aug.	16.15-16.20
No.	60 rubber per lb.	Sep.	16.20-16.25
No.	61 rubber per lb.	Oct.	16.25-16.30
No.	62 rubber per lb.	Nov.	16.30-16.35
No.	63 rubber per lb.	Dec.	16.35-16.40
No.	64 rubber per lb.	Jan.	16.40-16.45
No.	65 rubber per lb.	Feb.	16.45-16.50
No.	66 rubber per lb.	Mar.	16.50-16.55
No.	67 rubber per lb.	Apr.	16.55-17.00
No.	68 rubber per lb.	May.	17.00-17.05
No.	69 rubber per lb.	Jun.	17.05-17.10
No.	70 rubber per lb.	Jul.	17.10-17.15
No.	71 rubber per lb.	Aug.	17.15-17.20
No.	72 rubber per lb.	Sep.	17.20-17.25
No.	73 rubber per lb.	Oct.	17.25-17.30
No.	74 rubber per lb.	Nov.	17.30-17.35
No.	75 rubber per lb.	Dec.	17.35-17.40
No.	76 rubber per lb.	Jan.	17.40-17.45
No.	77 rubber per lb.	Feb.	17.45-17.50
No.	78 rubber per lb.	Mar.	17.50-17.55
No.	79 rubber per lb.	Apr.	17.55-18.00
No.	80 rubber per lb.	May.	18.00-18.05
No.	81 rubber per lb.	Jun.	18.05-18.10
No.	82 rubber per lb.	Jul.	18.10-18.15
No.	83 rubber per lb.	Aug.	18.15-18.20
No.	84 rubber per lb.	Sep.	18.20-18.25
No.	85 rubber per lb.	Oct.	18.25-18.30
No.	86 rubber per lb.	Nov.	18.30-18.35
No.	87 rubber per lb.	Dec.	18.35-18.40
No.	88 rubber per lb.	Jan.	18.40-18.45
No.	89 rubber per lb.	Feb.	18.45-18.50
No.	90 rubber per lb.	Mar.	18.50-18.55
No.	91 rubber per lb.	Apr.	18.55-19.00
No.	92 rubber per lb.	May.	19.00-19.05
No.	93 rubber per lb.	Jun.	19.05-19.10
No.	94 rubber per lb.	Jul.	19.10-19.15
No.	95 rubber per lb.	Aug.	19.15-19.20
No.	96 rubber per lb.	Sep.	19.20-19.25
No.	97 rubber per lb.	Oct.	19.25-19.30
No.	98 rubber per lb.	Nov.	19.30-19.35
No.	99 rubber per lb.	Dec.	19.35-19.40
No.	100 rubber per lb.	Jan.	19.40-19.45
No.	101 rubber per lb.	Feb.	19.45-19.50
No.	102 rubber per lb.	Mar.	19.50-19.55
No.	103 rubber per lb.	Apr.	19.55-20.00
No.	104 rubber per lb.	May.	20.00-20.05
No.	105 rubber per lb.	Jun.	20.05-20.10
No.	106 rubber per lb.	Jul.	20.10-20.15
No.	107 rubber per lb.	Aug.	20.15-20.20
No.	108 rubber per lb.	Sep.	20.20-20.25
No.	109 rubber per lb.	Oct.	20.25-20.30
No.	110 rubber per lb.	Nov.	20.30-20.35
No.	111 rubber per lb.	Dec.	20.35-20.40
No.	112 rubber per lb.	Jan.	20.40-20.45
No.	113 rubber per lb.	Feb.	20.45-20.50
No.	114 rubber per lb.	Mar.	20.50-20.55
No.	115 rubber per lb.	Apr.	20.55-21.00
No.	116 rubber per lb.	May.	21.00-21.05
No.	117 rubber per lb.	Jun.	21.05-21.10
No.	118 rubber per lb.	Jul.	21.10-21.15
No.	119 rubber per lb.	Aug.	21.15-21.20
No.	120 rubber per lb.	Sep.	21.20-21.25
No.	121 rubber per lb.	Oct.	21.25-21.30
No.	122 rubber per lb.	Nov.	21.30-21.35
No.	123 rubber per lb.	Dec.	21.35-21.40
No.	124 rubber per lb.	Jan.	21.40-21.45
No.	125 rubber per lb.	Feb.	2

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1955.

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Galahad —At 3 am

TIMOTHY is a pleasant young man who has both private means and a sensitive conscience that turns him from time to time into a kind of Galahad, a shining knight ready to champion the helpless, the humble and the inarticulate.

Recently Timothy's conscience landed him in trouble.

Strolling, in mid-afternoon, through a narrow street in St. James's, Timothy saw an elderly woman trip over a No Waiting sign.

Timothy helped the old lady to her feet, and continued on his way, musing on the accident and on the iniquity, as he soon saw it, of authority seeking to ease congestion of the roadway by turning the pavement into a kind of obstacle course.

BROODING

HE dined with friends that evening, and though talk was general he could not put from his mind the picture of the old lady sprawling over the No Waiting sign. He was still brooding on it when he left his friends and strolled towards his flat.

His way took him down Saville Row and there he saw a sight which dismayed him. On either side of the West End Central Police Station the pavement was strung with more No Waiting signs. Timothy found a telephone box and rang up the police station.

"Those No Waiting signs," he began, "You ought to move them from the pavement. This afternoon I saw an old lady. Then he realised that West End Central had rung off."

THE FOREST

TIMOTHY walked to an all-night post office and sent a telegram to someone in authority, protesting about the signs. Then, to expedite matters, he called in person at West End Central.

He lodged his protest. "If I were you," said the policeman who attended to him, "I should go home and go to bed, sir."

"But I . . ."

"If you please, sir," the officer said, Timothy was ejected.

It was three in the morning by then, and there was Timothy, on the pavement, surrounded, as it seemed to him, by a forest of No Waiting signs all lying in wait to trip up old ladies. The shining knight in Timothy came to the fore. Solemnly, he began to push the signs into the gutter.

"That's where you belong," he said to each. The clatter was fearful.

SENSIBLE PERSON

AN officer marched up and arrested Timothy. He was charged with being drunk and disorderly—a charge to which, at Bow Street, he pleaded not guilty. A few hours later, before Mr R. H. Blundell.

The story was told and Timothy went into the witness-box. He lightly and modestly sketched in his interest in No Waiting signs.

"At 2.44 a.m.," he said, "I sent a telegram to what I regard as a sensible person—the Home Secretary. Then I went to the police station where, to my intense irritation, I was treated like a crank and shown the door. I emphatically deny disorderly conduct—which anyway I can't define."

"What had you taken to drink?" the magistrate asked. "Well, oddly enough, at dinner, we just had a jug of lager. Prior to that I'd had two whiskies. I'm accustomed to have more."

QUITE CLEAR

"IT'S quite clear to me that you were drunk, and that your behaviour constituted disorderly," said the magistrate. "If your object was to make yourself look absurd, you have succeeded. Pay 5s. fine, and 25s. doctor's fee."

"May I appeal?" asked Timothy. "You don't have to ask my consent to that," said the magistrate, without looking up from his writing.

"Thank you, sir," Timothy said, and he strode away towards new good deeds, a Galahad undaunted.

DISARMAMENT: RUSSIA REVIVES AN OLD PLAN

New York, Oct. 3.

The Soviet Union revived its 1947 proposals on international control of nuclear arsenals when the United Nations disarmament subcommittee today entered its sixth week, with no sign of an early solution of East-West differences.

Mr Sobolev, Soviet permanent representative, mentioned these proposals in an exchange with Mr Anthony Nutting, British Minister of State, Western sources said after the two and a half hours' meeting.

Mr Nutting had pressed Mr Sobolev to state his country's position on atomic controls. Mr Sobolev replied that the Soviet Union made proposals on this issue in the General Assembly in 1947.

The Western informant said this was the first time the Soviet Union had referred to the subcommittee in the 1947 proposals. There was no indication of how they lined up with the Soviet disarmament plan published last May 10 with Marshal Nikolai Bulganin's letter a fortnight ago to President Eisenhower and with Mr V. M. Molotov's General Assembly statement 10 days ago.

TO STUDY PLAN

It was not clear whether Mr Sobolev was resubmitting the 1947 plan, the informant said. A spokesman for another Western delegation in the subcommittee—Britain, the United States, Canada and France—would now study the 1947 plan. The body's next meeting has been called for Wednesday morning.

Today the Western side took up again its familiar position that weapons inspection and control was vital and that if there was agreement on this "other things would fall into place quite easily," a Western spokesman said.

Mr Sobolev stated that it was wrong to concentrate on measures of control. Instead they should aim at comprehensive disarmament.

The subcommittee spent a good part of its session discussing future work in the light of the report it must make to the full disarmament commission, the General Assembly and the Big Four foreign ministers' conference due to meet in Geneva on October 27.—Reuter.

To Be Twice Buried At Sea

Valparaiso, Oct. 3. Lt-Comdr Roland Leeds, RN, will be the only sailor in history known to have been buried twice at sea.

Lt-Comdr Leeds landed here from the British cruiser Durban on March 3, 1933, and died in the British Hospital 25 days later after asking to be buried at sea.

The Chilean Navy carried the lead-lined coffin out to sea south of here and the coffin slid into the Pacific.

Last week the German fishing vessel Fuencland caught the coffin in its nets and brought it to Valparaiso for inspection.

The Chilean Navy said today it would hold a new burial service.—United Press.

By this time, others in the factory had been rescued by the commotion, and together they took Lt-Comdr the wounded man on the floor.

The Police and ambulance arrived and Lee Cheung and Lee Fu were taken to the Queen Mary Hospital. Lee Lai was arrested and charged.

The first witness, Dr P. L. Chiu of the Queen Mary Hospital, said that on August 26, he examined two people. One, Lee Cheung, was found to be suffering from scald burns on his neck and chest and from severe deep cuts all over his body. He was in a very serious condition and was admitted to the Hospital.

The other one, Lee Fu had only superficial lacerations. He was treated and discharged. Hearing is continuing.

After an adjournment to consider his refusal Taylor was warned that being on oath a refusal constituted contempt of court punishable by one month's imprisonment.

Asked if there was any reason why he should not be held guilty of contempt, Taylor said, "No Sir."

Taylor, who described the incident which he said took place before witnesses, said that he felt no shame at the incident. But he said, "I was angry with Legatlet and want to get him because he hurt me."

He admitted that immediately after the incident he was seen kissing the accused, and a witness described him as "hysterical."

Questioned by Prosecution about events on the evening of September 20, about the Modeste, Taylor said: "We were smoking. After a while I told him I was going to have a bath and turn in. He said he was also going to have a bath. I suggested that we go down together. We collected

Alleged Attempted Murder

Committal proceedings against Lee Lai, 29, carpenter, residing at the Nee Wuh Tseng Carpentry Factory, charged with attempted murder, began before Mr F. X. D'Almada at Central this morning.

Defendant is alleged to have attempted to murder Lee Cheung on August 29, at the Carpentry Factory.

Det. Sub-Ins. Lai Kin-hung is prosecuting.

In his outline, Insp. Lai said that complainant was the foreman at the Nee Wuh Tseng, and one of his duties was to assign the carpenters their work.

Defendant did not like complainant, as he was dissatisfied with the work given to him.

In July, Lee Lai was assigned to an important job, but he fell ill before it was completed, and the foreman was instructed to hire someone else in his place.

This aggravated defendant even more and shortly after he resigned.

SOLD TOOLS

Some time later, he sold some of his tools, keeping for himself an axe and several chisels.

On the morning of August 29, he was seen going to the station where complainant was working, carrying a bowl of congee.

The Inspector said that Lee Cheung would testify that defendant went up to him, poured the boiling gruel over him, and attacked him with an axe.

Another workman, Lee Fu, seeing this, rushed up to help the injured man. He grappled with defendant and took the axe away. But, defendant whipped out one of his chisels and cut him in several places.

He then went back to the complainant and continued his assault on him, saying, "I am going to chop you to death."

RESUED

By this time, others in the factory had been rescued by the commotion, and together they took Lt-Comdr the wounded man on the floor.

The Police and ambulance arrived and Lee Cheung and Lee Fu were taken to the Queen Mary Hospital. Lee Lai was arrested and charged.

The first witness, Dr P. L. Chiu of the Queen Mary Hospital, said that on August 26, he examined two people. One, Lee Cheung, was found to be suffering from scald burns on his neck and chest and from severe deep cuts all over his body. He was in a very serious condition and was admitted to the Hospital.

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He admitted that immediately after the incident he was seen kissing the accused, and a witness described him as "hysterical."

Questioned by Prosecution about events on the evening of September 20, about the Modeste, Taylor said: "We were smoking. After a while I told him I was going to have a bath and turn in. He said he was also going to have a bath. I suggested that we go down together. We collected

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Don't ask me to spank him for making a face at your Aunt Maude—I've always wanted to do that myself!"

Witness Accused Of Contempt Of Court At Naval Court Martial

The authority of a Naval Court was questioned, and one of the witnesses accused of contempt of court at a Naval Court Martial in HMS Tamar today.

Leading Seaman Geoffrey Donald Legatlet faced two charges of an unnatural offence and gross indecency with another member of the crew of HMS Modeste.

The proceedings were opened by a debate between the Prosecutor, Lt-Cdr F. J. C. Allwood of the Modeste, and the Judge-Advocate, Cdr W. T. Blunt, on the right of non-executive officers to act as members of a court.

Both referred to the Naval Discipline Act of 1889. The Prosecution said that it was not intended by that act or any subsequent amendment that any but members of the executive branch should act on Courts Martial.

The Judge-Advocate advised that recent Admiralty instructions were intended to give greatly extended powers to officers of non-executive branches of the service. He said that non-executive officers were now commanding certain naval establishments, and if the Prosecution's objections to the court were shared by the Admiralty, it would completely invalidate the summary powers of these Commanding Officers.

The court agreed that the two non-executive officers should continue to sit.

Members of the Court were Capt. B. S. Pemberton (President), Capt. C. P. Walker, Cdr R. Garbett-Mulhollen, Cdr P. W. T. Hammer, and Cdr R. R. B. Mackenzie.

WITNESS'S REFUSAL

During the proceedings Ordinary Seaman Peter Thomas Taylor, who lodged a complaint against the accused for an incident in the bathroom aboard HMS Modeste, refused to give the name of a third person alleged to be involved.

He told the court, "I know I'm getting him (Legatlet) into trouble, but he hurt me. I tell the truth, but I'm not mentioning any other names."

After an adjournment to consider his refusal Taylor was warned that being on oath a refusal constituted contempt of court punishable by one month's imprisonment.

Asked if there was any reason why he should not be held guilty of contempt, Taylor said, "No Sir."

Taylor, who described the incident which he said took place before witnesses, said that he felt no shame at the incident. But he said, "I was angry with Legatlet and want to get him because he hurt me."

He admitted that immediately after the incident he was seen kissing the accused, and a witness described him as "hysterical."

Questioned by Prosecution about events on the evening of September 20, about the Modeste, Taylor said: "We were smoking. After a while I told him I was going to have a bath and turn in. He said he was also going to have a bath. I suggested that we go down together. We collected

our gear from the mess and went down.

"I went into the third shower. Legatlet shaved first and then came into the shower. There was some skylarking."

Pressed to say exactly what happened he complained that he was embarrassed. Then he gave details.

Questioned by Lt-Cdr. T. B. Homan for the defence, Taylor said that incidents of this kind had occurred to him before aboard HMS Newcastle.

The next witness, Peter North, said that at 11.45 p.m. he went into the bathroom, where he saw Legatlet and Taylor fighting. He told them to stop and to turn in.

He went to his bunk to sleep. Later the accused came to his bunk and spoke to him. When the accused left, Taylor came in. He was slightly hysterical.

Witness said Taylor told him Legatlet "had done something" to him.

Defence Counsel submitted to the Court that accused had no case to answer as regards the first charge of an unnatural offence, since he had already pleaded guilty to the second charge.

After some consideration, the Court held that Legatlet had a case to answer on the first charge.

Hearing was adjourned until this afternoon.

Cross-Examination Of Complainant

Cross-examination of John Martin, Managing Director of a firm of his name in Singapore and complainant in a case of alleged unlawful imprisonment and assault, continued in the Victoria District Court this morning before Judge J. Reynolds.

Defence solicitor, Mr P. J. Griffiths alleged that Martin tried to evade having to produce relevant documents by saying he had left a file behind in East Africa.

The accused in the case are Francis Jacobus Vehmeyer, 40, a native of Holland and a naturalised British subject, and William Norman Kears, 38, of London, described as a security guard.

The charge alleges that the two men, whose address was given as 58 Kennedy Road, assaulted John Martin on August 3 and then unlawfully and injuriously imprisoned him against his will.

Mr J. W. D. Hobbly, Crown Counsel, is prosecuting, assisted by Det. Inspector J. S. Howarth.

Continuing his cross-examination of complainant from yesterday, Mr Griffiths asked if Martin agreed that a certain contract, which was missing, was vital to his case.

Martin said that he did not agree that the whole case depended upon it. He agreed however that a great part of the case did.

Mr Griffiths: So that this affidavit upon which you secured a default judgment against first defendant omitted one of the contracts upon which your claim was based?

Martin: Yes.

Asked why it was omitted, Martin said his solicitors, in attaching all relevant documents to the affidavit must have omitted to attach a copy of the contract.

He looked through the exhibits before he signed the affidavit, Martin said. He agreed that he did not notice that this document was missing.

Referred to paragraph 12 of the affidavit, Martin agreed that the eventual contract with Courtois and Company, Amsterdam was executed at the end of 1952. The contract was dated December 19, 1952.

Would Be A Lie

Martin said he did not know that on December 21, 1952, the contract was sent to Courtois and that there was record of that in Singapore.

Mr Griffiths: If such were the case your story would be a lie, wouldn't it?

Martin: If that is true.

So that if it was established by Courtois and Company and the Singapore authorities that the contract was sent, your affidavit is a lie in that regard?

That is correct.

Do you know that Courtois and Company in proceedings in Holland against the first defendant, confirmed to the Dutch Ministry of Justice that this contract of December 19 was received by them by registered mail on December 22?

—This I don't know.

Witness agreed that on this contract there was a commission on account between Brennan and Company, and Martin and Company.

Asked why Martin's were to receive a commission on that contract, the complainant said that his firm paid out a total of \$74,008.80 and received only \$73,400. As they were losing \$1,508.80 he discussed the matter with Vehmeyer who arranged to give Martin's a return commission of three per cent, being \$2,262 so that Martin's gross profits amounted to \$693.20. This commission was to be paid to Martin's upon the arrival of the goods in Holland.

Making Claim

Witness agreed that Brennan and Co. were claiming against his firm on this Courtois contract and said it was for the return of monies paid to his firm by Brennan and Co.

Asked whether he knew that Courtois were claiming damages against Brennan and Co. in this contract, the complainant said that someone had mentioned it to him.

Mr Griffiths: Do you know that Brennan and Co. are claiming an indemnity from Martin's for these damages?

Witness: I cannot recollect. My solicitors in Singapore are taking charge of all matters in this case.

On whose instructions? — On mine.

Martin said that he kept a file of correspondence between himself and his solicitors about this case and went on to explain why he could not produce it.

He said that he took the file with him early this year on a business trip to East Africa, intending to leave it in Singapore. But he only received a few heads in Singapore so the file went

with him, to Nairobi. After seven weeks touring East Africa he was required to come to Hongkong for one or two months. He presumed he would be returning to East Africa and as he was travelling by air and had excess baggage, he had to leave behind a suitcase of personal effects which also contained this file, and another bag. These were stored at the New Stanley Hotel in Nairobi. He was given a receipt for them but had not been able to return there to collect them.

Solicitor Not In

Mr Martin did not know why Martin did not leave his file in Singapore as he intended.

Witness answered that he was in Singapore for only two days and his solicitor Mr MacCasey was not in when he called.

Why did you not leave it in his office for him? asked Mr Griffiths.

"Because I wanted to leave it with him personally. It was my file and I could do what I wanted."

Mr Griffiths: You have received a subpoena to produce all the relevant documents in this case. I suggest that this story of yours is made up to avoid the subpoena and to refuse to bring documents which are relevant.

Martin: That is not true.

Can't you get someone to send the file to you?—The Hotel authorities in East Africa are not very co-operative. Hotel accommodation is extremely difficult and I have already even in leaving one suitcase there.

You have not tried to get it back?—No.

And there are letters in this file which are covered by the subpoena?—Yes. I wrote to my lawyer in Singapore about the subpoena. He has copies of all the documents in the file and he has sent me these.

Martin indicated several documents. He said they were not copies of all the documents in the file but they were joint affidavits of himself and Mr MacCasey. His name contained letters exchanged between himself and his lawyers in Australia, London, Singapore and Amsterdam.

A Mis-statement

Mr Griffiths then questioned the complainant on his affidavit, and Martin agreed that it was a mis-statement when he said that according to the terms of the contract he paid a cheque to the first accused Vehmeyer, because it was not according to the terms of the contract concerning crocodile skins.

He explained that the arrangement was that Brennan and Co. would pay Martin's, Martin's would pay Vehmeyer, and Vehmeyer would pay the Chinese owner of the skins. Vehmeyer opened an account for this transaction. The whole transaction was Vehmeyer's idea; he himself had no connection with the skins or with the Chinese seller, Martin declared. He added that he gave Martin's a return commission of three per cent, being \$2,262 so that Martin's gross profits amounted to \$693.20. This commission was to be paid to Martin's upon the arrival of the goods in Holland.

He agreed that he had told Singapore Police that he had received five cheques from Vehmeyer's account for a total of \$55,000 which he told them were for the return of monies lent to Vehmeyer.

Asked whether he had any record of that debt, Martin replied in the negative. He said he loaned Vehmeyer \$50,000 on the understanding that, with interest, he would be repaid \$55,000 and received a receipt from Vehmeyer.

Vehmeyer repaid him, he returned him the receipt.

Martin denied that in a conversation he had with the accused in Tung Shan Terrace (where he alleged he was detained) he had admitted that those cheques were not for a debt at all. He said that he might have made some remark to Vehmeyer but to the best of his recollection, he did not remember having made any comments about this money.

Makes Correction

The complainant corrected a statement he made yesterday. He said that the Singapore judgment was based not on his affidavit alone (as he had said) but on his affidavit coupled with that of his solicitor, Mr MacCasey.

He added that Mr MacCasey had sworn this affidavit of his own free will without instructions from him and that he had not read Mr MacCasey's affidavit until a week ago.

Referring the witness to the written confession which he had alleged that the accused asked him to type, Mr Griffiths asked him whether or not it stated that Mr MacCasey knew that Martin's affidavit was false.

Witness answered that he did not recognise this confession.

Mr Griffiths: But did you not say that in this confession?

Witness: I did not say that. But you conveyed it?—Yes.

Why did you bring in the name of Mr MacCasey?—I did not bring in his name. A type-written document was brought in to me. The first accused instructed me to copy it, but in my own words. However I merely copied the same and I did not use my own words. The first accused said he had a document which he wanted me to type out and sign.

Martin said this happened about an hour after he was released from the cupboard in Tung Shan Terrace. The following morning he saw Vehmeyer making amendments in ink on the document.

Hearing is continuing.

Man Found With Drugs

A Chinese was fined a total of \$700 or 14 weeks imprisonment by Mr Hing-shing Lo at Central Magistrate's court this morning for possession of an opium pipe, possession of a dangerous drug and possession of opium.

Defendant, Ma Shing, 43, residing at 19 Lower Macao Road, first floor, pleaded guilty to all three charges.

Sub-Ins. D. J. Carty told the court that a party of Police executed a search of Ma's flat and found the defendant holding an opium pipe in his hand, while the other exhibits were found under his bed. The defendant had no previous convictions.

His Worship ordered the exhibits to be confiscated.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. 6 Time Signal and Programme Summary: 6.55, Stock Market Report; 6.58, Police Band, Bandmaster: P. B. Walsh; 7.00, "First Hearing" presented by Alex Borrie (Studio 5); 7.05, BBC Jazz Club, The Alex Walsh Sextet (BBC7S); 7.10, La Doul-Houy Frenchies, Presentation of M. Castel J. M. Leclair; 7.15, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.20, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.25, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.30, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.35, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.40, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.45, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.50, "The Music of the Night" (Studio 5); 7.55, "The Music of the Night" (Studio